Syllabus

2-YearsMaster of Education (M.Ed.) Programme

(As per Regulation of 2-Years B.Ed. Course approved by the Governor's Secretariat, Bihar in pursuance of the N.C.T.E. Regulations 2014)

(With effect from Session 2015-16)

2015

Faculty of Education B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur (under Self-financing Scheme)

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B.Ed. Syllabus Development Committee

- 01. डॉ**० ए० आर० खान**, संकाराध्यक्ष, हिक्षा-संकारा, बी०आर० अम्बेदकर विहार विह्वविद्यालय, मुलफ्फरपुर।
- 02. डॉ**॰ रातीहा कुमार राय,** प्रोपेक्टर, हिन्दी विभाग एवं कुलानुहाराक, बीठआर० अम्बेदकर बिहार विद्वविद्यालय, मुजफ्फरपुर।
- 03. र्केंट स्बेरा मिश्रा, अनोविद्यान विभाग एवं कुलसचिव, बीठआर० अम्बेदक्स बिहार विह्वविद्यालय, मुनपफ्सपुर। ये स्था स्थाप
- 04. डॉ**० (ओ०) वारो लफर**, संकासाध्यक्षा, हिम्सा-संकास, पटना विश्वविद्यालस, पटना ।
- 05. **डॉo आशुतीब कुमार** सह प्रार्थापक, शिक्षा विभाग, पटना विश्वविद्यालय, पटना।
- क्षें ब्राबदेव अपि शिपाठी- संदश्य, एक्टरिटिटिक, प्रधानाचार्य, मैनेय कॉलेल ऑफ एड्केटान एवं मैनेलमेन्ट, हालीपुर (वैद्याली)।
- श्री टक्टन कुमार (संयोजक), प्रशासनिक पदाधिकारी, दूरस्थ हिमा निदेशालय, बीठआरू अम्बेदकर विहार विद्वविद्यालय, मुनापकरपुर।

Objectives of the M.Ed. Programme

Through the M.Ed. Programme the students will be helped to:

- · Understand the nature of education as discipline/area of study.
- To encourage understanding of the basic concepts/issues of education especially with reference to the kind of concerns that NCF, 2005 has raised in the context of understanding-oriented teaching.
- Understand how concepts theories/issues drawn from disciplines cognate to education, i.e. Psychology, Sociology, Philosophy, Economics and Management etc; could be used/practiced suitably in the perspectives of teaching-learning in schools.
- Appreciate the challenge of theorizing education and identify relationship between theory and practices;
- Understand the need of teacher education in the context of changing needs of school education.
- Learn the skills required for playing a leadership role in different areas of school education;
- · Understand the linkage between education and national development;
- Gain an understanding on cognitive Psychology and the process of learning;
- Develop a rational conceptualization of educational research;
- To reflect on the multiple contexts in which the schools and teacher education institutions are working.
- Integrate information and communication technology to teaching-learning and training transaction;
- Develop skills among students to manage internship, practicals and in-service training programmes;
- Develop competency in students in development of curriculum, syllabus, textbooks, and instructional materials, evaluation and assessment.
- Develop ability to analyze and reflect upon his professional experience.
- Equip the students with different innovative modes of training transaction.
- To understand the process of school education and teacher education and the various factors enriching the processes.
- To understand the emerging vision of school education.
- To sharpen epistemological, axiological and ontological perspectives of school education and teacher education for enhancing conceptual understanding of education.

Scheme of Study for 2-Years M.Ed. Programme (Semester-wise Distribution of the Courses)

M.Ed. - Semester-I (July to December)

Course No.	Course Name	Credit	Theory	Practicum	Full Marks
C.C.1	Psychology Of Learning & Development	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
C.C.2	Historical/ Political & Economic Perspectives Of Education	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
C.C.3	Relevance Of Teachers Education in Changing Times	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
C.C.4	Fundamentals of Educational Research	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
*EPC 1	A. Communication and Expository Writing B. Personality Development	1		50 marks	50 marks
	Total	18			450 marks

*EPC will be done during inter semester break.

M.Ed. - Semester-II (January to June)

Course No.	Course Name	Credit	Theory	Practicum	Full Marks
C.C.5	Sociological & Philosophical Perspectives Of Education	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
C.C.6	Teachers Education-Issues and Challenges	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
C.C.7	Curriculum Studies	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
C.C.8	Innovative Teaching -Learning	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
*C.C.9	Dissertation (1/2)	2	40 marks	10 marks	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE
EPC 2	Internship in a Teacher Education Institution	4	32 hrs.	50 marks	50 marks 50 marks
ers/	will be done during inter semants by 1	22			500 marks

*Dissertation will be done during inter semester break.

M.Ed. - Semester-III (July to December)

Course No.	Course Name	Credit	Theory	Practicum	Full Marks
S.C.1	Elementary (VIII)/ Secondary (IX-XII) Education for Differently-Abled	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
S.C.2	Curriculum, Pedagogy & Assessment (Elementary/Secondary)	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
C.C.10	Advance Research Methodology	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
C.C.11	Creativity & Value Education	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
EPC 3	Internship	4		50 marks	50 marks
C.C.12	A. Dissertation (1/2) B. Environment & Education	2 2	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
	Total	24			550 marks

*Dissertation will be done during inter semester break.

M.Ed. - Semester-IV (January to June)

Course No.	Course Name	Credit	Theory	Practicum	Full Marks
S.C.3	Policy, Economics & Planning (Elementary/Secondary)	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
S.C.4	Educational Management & Administration (Elementary/Secondary)	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
S.C.5	Educational Technology& ICT	4	80 marks	20 marks	100 marks
C.C.13	Dissertation	4	32 hrs.	100 marks	100 marks
EPC 4	Seminar/Group Activities, Laboratory Work, Field Work/Workshops (16 weeks)	4		100 marks	100 marks
	Total	20		(0.70	500 marks
	Grand Total				2000 marks

C.C. = Core Courses
S.C. = Special Course
EPC = Enhancing Professional Capacity

Scheme for Paper Setting in M.Ed. Annual Examination

 Syllabus for each 4 credit Theory Paper shall be divided into 5 units. Based on this, the question paper pattern in the Annual Examination shall be as follows:

Scheme for Paper Setting in M.Ed. End-Semester Examination

 Syllabus for each 4 credit Theory Paper shall be divided into 5 units. Based on this, the question paper pattern in the End-Semester Examination shall be as follows:

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 80 Pass Marks: 36

Ten Long Answer Questions having equal weightage (two questions from each unit) shall be set. The candidates shall be asked to answer one question from each Unit.

(5 x 16 = 80 marks)

 Syllabus for each 2 credit Theory Paper shall be divided into 3 units. Based on this, the question paper pattern in the End-Semester Examination shall be as follows:

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 40 Pass Marks: 18

Six Long Answer Questions (two questions from each unit) shall be set. The questions from Ist Unit shall carry 14 marks each and questions from Ind & IIIrd Units shall carry 13 marks each. The candidates shall be asked to answer one question from each Unit.

 $(1 \times 14 + 2 \times 13 = 40 \text{ marks})$

3. Questions should be set in English & Hindi both, if applicable.

M.Ed. SEMESTER-I

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - I

PSYCHOLOGY OF LEARNING & DEVELOPMENT

Course No.: C.C. 1

Theory:80 Marks

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Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

To enable the students to understand concepts and principles of Educational Psychology as an Applied Science.

Practicum: 20 Marks

- To enable them to understand the process of Human Development, related psychological theories and their Implications for education.
- To acquaint them with the concept and Process of Learning, related theories and their Educational Implications.
- To enable them to understand the concepts and Theories of Personality and Its assessment Techniques.
 To orient them with the Nature and Concepts of Individual Differences Intelligence, Creativity etc. and their Implications for education.

 COURSE CONTENTS

- UNIT-I Psychology of Human Development

 Concept, Concerns and Scope of Educational Psychology; Contribution of Psychology to Education.
 - Scientific methods of studying human behavior
 - Role of schools in modifying the behavior of students Concept and Principles of Development

 - Process of Growth & Development: General Characteristics of Social, Emotional,
 - Intellectual & Language Development at various stages and their related problems. Major concepts and stages of the theories of Piaget, Bruner and Vygotskyand their

- Major concepts and stages of the theories of Plaget, Bruner and Vygo implications for education.
 UNIT-II Psychology of Learning-I
 Concept, kinds and levels of Learning- Gagne's hierarchy.
 Gagne's Theory of Learning Progress & its Educational Implications
 Factors Influencing Learning

 - Factors Influencing Learning with their Educational implications;
 a) Theories of Learning with their Educational implications;
 a) Thorndike's Connectionism
 b) Pavlov's Classical Conditioning
 c) Skinner's Operant Conditioning
 d) Hull's Reinforcement Theory

- d) Hull's Reinforcement Theory
 UNIT-III Psychology of Learning-II

 Cognitive Field Theories of Learning with their Educational implications;
 a) Gestalt Theory of Learning by Kohler
 b) Lewin's Field Theory and
 c) Tolman's Sign Theory

 - c) Tolman's Sign Theory
 Transfer of Learning and Its Theories:
 a) Theory of Mental Discipline
 b) Theory of Identical elements
 c) Theory of Generalization
 d) Theory of Transposition
 e) Theory of Learning to Learn (Harlow)
 Transfer of Learning & Role of the Teacher

UNIT-IVMotivation and Learning

- Connection between the Motivation&Learning.

 Types of Motivation Intrinsic and Extrinsic Motivation

 Essential Ingredients to Motivation Value and Expectancy
- Personal Expectations to Motivation: Self Efficacy Theory of Bandura Theories of Motivation & their Educational Implications.
- Conductive class room climate for motivating and meeting the needs of students -Principles and Strategies

- UNIT-V Personality & Its Assessment

 Concept and Definitions of personality.
- Theories of Personality-a) Trait Theories of Allport

 - Theories of Personalitya) Trait Theories of Allport
 b) Psychoanalytic approach of Freud,
 c) Phenomenological approach od Carl Rogers
 d) Behaviouristic approach of Miller;
 e) Humanistic approach of Maslow.
 Assessment of Personality: Personality Inventories, Rating scales, Projective Techniques-Rorschach Ink Blot Test, Thematic Apperception Test.
 Individual Differences- concept of intra and inter differences, Determinants of Individual Differences; role of heredity and environment; Implications of Individual Differences for organizing Educational Programmes.

Suggested Readings:

- Aggarwal, J. C. (2009) Essentials of Educational Psychology (2nd Edition), New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
 Alexander, Patricia A., &Winne, Philip H. (2012): Handbook of Educational Psychology,2nd Edition, New York: Routledge
 Allport, G.W. (1969) Pattern and Growth in Personality, New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston.
 Baron A. Robert (2000). Psychology. New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India.
 Bischof, L. J. (1970). Interpreting Personality Theories, New York: Harper and Row.
 Bruner, J.S. &Goodrow, J.J. (1962) A Study of Thinking, New York: GA Edition Inc.
 Chauhan, S. S. (2009) Advanced Educational Psychology (7th Edition), New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
 DeCeeco, J.P. (1982) Psychology of Learning and Instruction, New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India

- of India Dennis Child (1973) Psychology and the Teacher. New York: Holt Rinehart and Winston.

- Winston.

 10. Driscoll, Mary Perkins (2005): Psychology of Learning for Instruction, Third Edition, Pearson Allyn and Bacon

 11. Engler, Barbara (2014): Personality Theories, 9th Ed., Belmont (USA): Wadsworth Cengage Learning

 12. Hurlock, Elizabeth B. (2008): Developmental Psychology: A Life Span Approach, New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill of India Pvt. Ltd.

 13. Jarvis, Matt (2005): The Psychology of Effective Learning and Teaching, U.K.:

- Kakkar, S.B. (2005): Educational Psychology, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India.
 Krause, Kerri-Lee Dawnet.al. (2006): Educational Psychology: For Learning and Teaching, Cengage Learning Australia,
 Kundu, C.L. &Tutto, D.N. (2008): Educational Psychology, New Delhi: SterlingPublishers Pvt. Ltd.
 Maddi, Salvatore R. (1996):Personality Theories: A Comparative Analysis, 6th Ed., California:Brooks/Cole Publishing Company
 Mangal, S. K. (2007). Advanced Educational Psychology (2nd Edition), New Delhi:Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
 O'Donnell, Angela M. et. Al. (2012): Educational Psychology: Reflection for Action, New Jersey: John Wiley & Sons
 Santrock, John.W. (2006) Educational Psychology, New Delhi: McGraw-hill.
 Schunk, Dale H. (2008): Learning Theories: An Educational Perspective (5th Edition), New Delhi: Pearson Education India,
 Skinner, Charles E (1956) Educational Psychology, New York: Prentice Hall.
 Stephens, J.M. and Evans, E.D. (1983) Development and Classroom Learning: AnIntroduction to Educational Psychology, New Delhi: Macmillan Company.
 Schue, Edger (2012): Readings in Educational Psychology, Oxon: Rutledge
 Schultz, D.P. & Schultz, S.E. (2013):Theories of Personality, Belmont (USA):10th Ed. Wadsworth Cengage Learning
 Tuckman, Bruce W. &Monetti, D.M. (2011): Educational Psychology, Wadsworth, USA
 Uday Shankar (1983) Advanced Educational Psychology, New Delhi: OxfordUniversity Press

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur

M.Ed. Semester - I

HISTORICAL/POLITICAL & ECONOMIC PERSPECTIVES OF EDUCATION

Course No.: C.C. 2

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Theory:80 Marks

Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

To acquaint the students with the general development and progress of education prior to independence.

Practicum: 20 Marks

- To acquaint the students with general development and progress of education after independence.
- To enable the students to understand the Political Economy &its relation to Education system in India.
- To enable the students to assess and evaluate various "Plan efforts" (V Year Plans) put
- To enable the students to understand the concept and meaning of problems of Education (social, economic, political)

 To enable the students to understand the problems related to the policies of Government

and to find out remedies. COURSE CONTENTS

Unit -1 Progress of Education in Ancient Indian Education- Review of

- Brahmanic (Vedic) Buddhistic

- Muslim-Islamic-(Education System during these periods)

Unit-2 Progress of Education in British Period Review of British period of Education. With reference to:

- Macaulay's Minutes
- Woods Despatch Sargent Commission

Unit -3 Progress of education after Independence Constitutional Provision for Education

- University Education Commission(1948) Secondary Education Commission(1952-53)

Secondary Education Commission (1952-53) Indian Education Commission (1964-66) National policy of Education (1986). National Policy of Education 1992 Unit-4 Political Economy & Education of free India

- How the Economy is Political -- and Why, Politics and Markets
- Foundations of Indian Political Economy Current Challenges in the Global Economy
- Politics & Education; The Politics of Policy and the Policy Making Process, Overview of Education Governance
- Production of Education: Cost-Benefit Analysis
- Education as an Output: Public Vs. Private Provision Institutional Stability and Change, Power, & the State

Unit-5 Educational Plans &Problems in free India

- Planned efforts of India for Education Plans (V Year Plans)
 Assessment and Evaluation of development and progress of Education during plans
 Problems of Education regarding; Social, Economical-Problem related to quality and
 quantity, Administrative, and Political
- Role and impact of different organizations (private and public, Govt.) NCERT, UGC, NCTE.

SUGGESTED READING:

- Altekar, A. S. (1944), Education in Ancient Ind.a Benares; Nand Kishore & Bros. Educational Publishers.

 Apple, M. (1996), Cultural Politics and Education, Open University Press, Buckingham Burkitt, B. (1984), Radical Political Economy: an Introduction to the Alternative Economics, Wheatsheaf Books, Brighton.

 Clark, B. (1998), Political Economy: a Comparative Approach, Praeger, Westport, Conn. Connell, R. W. (1993), Schools and Social Justice, Temple University Press, Philadelphia.
- Philadelphia.

 5. Douglass North (1990), Institutions, Institutional Change and Economic Performance (New York: Cambridge University Press.

 6. Garnett, R. F. (1999), "Economics of Knowledge: Old and New", in R. F. Garnett (Ed) What Do Economists Know?, Routledge, London.

 7. James P. Caporaso and David P. Levine (1992), Theories of Political Economy (New York: Cambridge University Press.

 8. Joshi, K.L. (1977), Problems of Higher Education in India- An Approach to Structural Analysis and Reorganization, Bombay: Popular Prakashan Pvt. Ltd.

 9. Ministry of Education- Education Commission Report- 1964-66 Dr. Kothari Commission 10, Monroe, Paul (1935) A Brief Course in the History of Education, London: The Macmillan Company.

 11. Mukherjee, R.K. (1921) Ancient Indian Education London

 12. Naik J.P. (1956), Educational Planning in India, Allied Publishers

 13. Syed Nurullah&Naik, J. P. (1951), A History of Education in India (during the British period), Macmillan

- Syed Nurullah&Naik, J. P. (1951), A History of Education in India (during the British period), Macmillan
 Stilwell, F. (2003), "Higher Education, Commercial Criteria and Economic Incentives", Journal of Higher Education Policy and Management, Vol. 35, No. 1, May.
 UNESCO- (1963) Economic and Social aspects of Educational Planning.
 Yogendra K. Sharma (2001), History and Problems of Education Vol. I-& II, Kanishka Publishers, Distributors.
 N.C.E.R.T., NCERT- the First Year Book of Education 1961.

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur

M.Ed. Semester - I

RELEVANCE OF TEACHER EDUCATION II HANGING TIMES

Course No.: C.C. 3

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Theory: 80 Marks

Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

After studying the course students will understand:

- The concept, aims & objectives of Teacher Education.
- Historical perspective of Teacher Education.
- Different types of Teacher Education Programmes.
- The Structure, Curriculum and Modes of Pre-service Teacher Education Programmes in India

Practicum: 20 Marks

- The role & functions of various agencies associated with Teacher Education.
 - The methods & strategies used for the transaction of Teacher Education Courses.
- The evaluation strategies adopted in Teacher Education Programme & understand the

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I: Concept and Historical Perspective

- Concept, need and Significance of Teacher Education.

 Aims and Objectives of Teacher Education at Elementary, Secondary and College Level.
- Development of Teacher Education Programmes during:Pre-independence Period: Ancient, Medieval & British Periods.

 Development of Teacher Education Programmes during:Post-Independence Period: Post-Independence Period: Development of Teacher Education Programmes during:Post-Independence Period: Recommendations of Various Commissions (Kothari Education Commission (1964-1966),NPE (1968), NPE (1986 & 2002).

UNIT II: Structure, Curriculum and Modes of Pre-service Teacher Education

- Are structure, Curriculum and Modes of Pre-service Teacher Education
 A review of the understandings developed on teacher roles and functions
 Pre-service teacher education concept, nature, objectives and scope.
 The structure of teacher education curriculum and its vision in curriculum documents of NCERT and NCTE
- Components of pre-service teacher education foundation courses, subject specialization and pedagogy, special fields, school based practicum and internship weightages in course work and evaluation
- Modes of pre-service teacher education face-to-face (linear and integrated), distance and online - relative merits and limitations

UNIT III: Organization of Different Components of Teacher Education Curriculum

- The student teacher as an adult learner characteristics. The concept of andragogy and its principles
- Organization, transaction and evaluation of different components of teacher education
- Curriculum existing practices.

 Transactional approaches for the foundation courses Expository, Participatory, Collaborative, Peer Coaching, and Inquiry. Scope and possibilities for organization and
- Transactional approaches for the skill and competency development courses need for awareness-modeling-analysis-practice-feedback cycle scope and possibilities for organization and evaluation practicum records and portfolio assessment

Concept and scope of school based practicum and internship – the existing practices, their nature, objectives, organization and duration. Activities and experiences in pre-internship, internship and post-internship

UNIT IV: In-service Teacher Education in India - Concept, Structure and Modes

- Concept, need for continuing professional development of a teacher areas of professional development. Purpose of an in-service teacher education programme orientation, refresher, workshop, seminar and conference their meaning and objectives
- The structure for in-service teacher education sub-district, district, state, regional and national level agencies and institutions.
- Modes and Models of in-service teacher education:
 - o Modes of in-service teacher education face-to-face, distance mode, online and
 - mixed mode.
 induction, one shot, recurrent, cascade, multi-site, school based and course work scope, merits and limitations of each of them

UNIT V: Planning, Organizing and Evaluating an In-service Teacher Education

- Planning an in-service teacher education programme preliminary considerations of purpose, duration, resource requirements, and budget

 Designing an in-service teacher education programme steps and guidelines –
- assessment of training needs, formulation of training curriculum, preparation of course
- Organizing an in-service teacher education programme common problems faced by a teacher educator and guidelines for communication, arrangement, preparation, facilitating participation and collecting feedback and evaluation.

 Qualities and characteristics of an effective in-service teacher educator
- Evaluation strategies at Different Levels of Teacher Education.

SUGGESTED READING

- ChakrabortiMohit (1998) Teacher Education (Modern Trends), New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers & Distributors
- Hemchand, T.K. (2009), Problems of Teacher Education, New Delhi, Crescent Publishing Corporation.
- Howard, B.L. (1992), Issues & Problems in Teacher Education: An International Handbook, New York: Greenwood Press.
- Khan, Mohd Sharif (1983): Teacher education in India & abroad New Delhi, Ashish Publishing House
- Kothari, D.S. (1964-66), Education Commission.
- Mohalik, Ramakanta (2010) In-service Teacher Education, New Delhi: Mahamaya Publishing House.
- National Policy on Education (1986), A Policy Perspective, Ministry of Human Resource, Govt. of India, New Delhi.

- National policy on Education (Modified) (1992), Department of Education, Ministry of Human
 Resource Development, Govt. of India, New Delhi
- NCTE, National Curriculum Framework (2009). NCTE, New Delhi
- PaneerSelvam, S.K. (2009) Global Trends in Teacher Education, New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Rajput, J.S. &Walia, K. (2002): Teacher Education in India, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Sabharwal, Nirmal (1981): Studies & Investigations on Teacher Education in India, New Delhi: NCERT
- Shrimali, K.L., (2010) Better Teacher Education. Ministry of education, Government of India
- Singh R.P. (Ed) (1983): The Challenges of Tomorrow: A profile of Future teacher, New
- Delhi: Sterling Publishing Pvt. Ltd.

 Sing, U.K. &Sudersan, K.N. (2003), Teacher Education, New Delhi: Discovery
- Publishing House.
 Slekirk, Anthony & Ticher, Maria (Ed.) (2009), Teacher Education: Policy, Practice and Research, New York: Nova Science Publishers, Inc.
- Research, New York: Nova Science Publishers, Inc.

 Srivastava, R.C. (1997), Teacher Education in India Issues and Perspective, New Delhi,
- Regency Publication.

 Taylor, William (1969). Society and the Education of Teachers, London: Faber & Faber.
- Uday Shankar (1984): Education of Indian Teachers, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers.
- Vasistha (1979): Teacher Education in India, a study in new dimensions, New Delhi: Concept Publication

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Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - I FUNDAMENTALS OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH

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Course No.: C.C. 4 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

Theory:80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

- On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

 describe the nature, purpose, scope, areas, and types of research in education.

 explain the characteristics of quantitative, qualitative and mixed research.

 select and explain the method appropriate for a research study

 conduct a literature search and develop a research proposal

 explain a sampling design appropriate for a research study

 explain tool design and procedure for collection of data

 explain the importance of documentation and dissemination of researches in education

 COURSE CONTENTS

- Unit I- Research in Education: Conceptual Issues

 Meaning, purpose and areas of educational research

 The research & the scientific method

 Kinds of educational research: basic & applied research, evaluation research and action research, and their characteristics
- and their characteristics

 Research paradigms in education: qualitative, mixed and, quantitative, and their characteristics, Types of research under each paradigm

 Planning the research study: Sources of research problems, Identification and Conceptualization of Research Problem, Review of the literature with purpose and the method of presentation, and research questions in qualitative and quantitative research.

 Hypothesis: meaning, types, importance, formulation and testing

 Preparation of a Research Proposal: Framework of the research proposal and strategies for writing the research proposals

 Unit II- Qualitative Methods of Research

 Oualitative Research: meaning, steps and characteristics

- Qualitative Methods of Research
 Qualitative Research: meaning, steps and characteristics
 Qualitative Research: meaning, steps and characteristics
 Qualitative research approaches-Phenomenology, Ethnography, Case studies and Grounded theory-characteristics, types, data collection, analysis and report writing
 Historical Research-meaning, significance, steps, primary and secondary sources of information, external and internal criticism of the sources.
- Research-meaning, fundamentals principles, strength and weaknesses, types and,

- Mixed Research-meaning, fundamentals principles, strength and weaknesses, types and, limitations

 I- Quantitative Methods of Research

 Experimental Research: Nature of experimental research, Variables in experimental research independent, dependent and confounding variables; ways to manipulate an independent variable, purpose and methods of control of confounding variables.

 Experimental Research designs: Single-Group Pretest-Posttest Design, Pretest-Posttest Control-Group Design, Posttest only Control-Group Design, and Factorial Design

 Quasi-Experimental Designs: Nonequivalent Comparison Group Design, and Time-Series Design

 Internal and external validity of results in experimental research

- Quasi-Experimental Designs: Nonequivalent Comparison Group Design, and Time-Series Design
 Internal and external validity of results in experimental research
 Non- Experimental Research: Casual-Comparative and Correlational research; Cross-sectional, Longitudinal (Trend and Panel studies), and Retrospective; and Descriptive, Predictive and Explanatory, Steps in Non- Experimental Research
 Unit IV- Sampling in Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed Research
 Concept of population and its type, and sample, sampling unit, sampling frame, sample size, sampling error, representative and biased samples

- Random Sampling Techniques: simple random sampling, systematic sampling, stratified random sampling, cluster sampling, and multi-stage sampling;

 Non- Random Sampling Techniques, convenience sampling, purposive sampling, quota sampling and sampling sampling.
- and snowball sampling

- and snowball sampling
 Determining the sample size when using random sampling
 Sampling in qualitative and mixed research
 Methods of Data Collection
 Tests, Inventories and Rating scales: types and their construction and uses
 Characteristics of a good research tool and Identifying a tool using reliability and validity
 information

Tests, Inventories and Rating scales: types and their construction and uses

Characteristics of a good research tool and Identifying a tool using reliability and validity information

Questionnaire: forms, principles of construction and their scope in educational research, administration of questionnaires.

Interview: types, characteristics and applicability, guidelines for conducting interviews

Observation: Qualitative and quantitative observation, use of the checklist and schedules, time sampling, field notes, role of researcher during obse vation, focus group discussion

Collecting data using attitudinal scales: Functions of attitudinal scales, Different types of attitudinal scales, their characteristics, construction and application

Projective Techniques and their uses.

Socio-metric Techniques and their uses.

SUGGESTED READING

Arthur, James; Waring, Michael et al.(2012): Research Met tods and Methodologies in Education, New Delhi: Sage India

Atkins, Liz & Wallace, Sue (2012): Qualitative Research in Education, New Delhi: Sage

Best, J.W. and Kahn, J. V., (1995): Research in Education, New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.

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Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur

M.Ed. Semester - I

A. COMMUNICATION & EXPOSITORY WRITING &B. PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT

Course No.: EPC 1

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Full Marks:50

Course Credit: 1+1=2 COURSES OBJECTIVES

Practicum: 50 Marks

After going through this course the students will be able to understand;

- Needs, process and barriers of effective communication

- and develop Verbal Communication Skills
 and develop different kinds of Academic, technical and professional writing skills
 Different modes of Verbal, Non-Verbal Communication& technology technology communication

Self-development & their relation with education Concept, theories and basic practices of Yoga And practice Practical & Teaching Techniquesof Yoga COURSE CONTENTS:A. COMMUNICATION & EXPOSITORY WRITING

UNIT I. Introduction to Communication&Expository writing

- Need for Effective Communication
 The Process of Communication: Levels of communication; Flow of communication; Use of language in communication; Communication networks; Significance of technical communication.
- Barriers to Communication: Types of barriers; Miscommunication; Noise; Overcoming
- Verbal Communication: Oral presentation and public speaking skills. Interview, Group
- Discussion, Debate etc.

 Non-verbal Communication and Body Language: Forms of non-verbal communication; Interpreting body-language cues; Kinesies; Proxemies; Chronemies; Effective use of
- Interpreting body-language cues; Kinesies; Proxemies; Chronemies; Effective use of body language.

 Technical Writing: Differences between technical and literary style, Elements of style; Sentence formation; Use of appropriate diction: Paragraph and Essay Writing; Coherence and Cohesion, Common Errors.

.

- Report Writing: Basics of Report Writing; Structure of a report; Types of reports.

 Expository writing and Academic writing; Types, features and the essential requirements, Academic sources and how to refer to them? How to cite a source, paraphrase and acknowledge the source? How to edit one's own writing?

 Technology-based Communication: Netiquettes: effective e-mail messages; power-point presentation; enhancing editing skills using computer software.

COURSE CONTENTS: B. PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT

UNIT II.Education &Self-development:

- Education & self-development Concept of Harmonious development
- The linkages between the self and one's professional practice.
- Gender, society and education
- Disability, psycho-social dimensions of exclusion, and inclusive education

UNIT III. Yoga Education & Mental and physical well-being:

- Concept of Yoga Streams of Yoga, Raja Yoga: Eight Fold Path
- AnandMimamsa
- Theories of Yoga Practices; Asana, Pranayama, Kriyas, hyana
- Practical & Teaching Techniques-I: Eight Step Method: Single Group and Double Group Practice. Asana, Pranayama, Relaxation Techniques
- Practice, Asana, Pranayama, Relaxation Techniques
 Practice, Asana, Pranayama, Relaxation Techniques: Asthama, Nasal allergy,
 Diabetes, Low backaches, Hypertension IIHD, IBS/GID, Tension/Migraine, Headache 2.
 Advance Techniques: a. Self-Management of Excessive Tension b. PranicEnergisation
 Technique 3. Meditation: a. OmkaraDhyana, b.Cyclic Meditation.

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1 1

M.Ed. SEMESTER-II

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - II

SOCIOLOGICAL & PHILOSOPHICAL PERSPECTIVES OF EDUCATION

Course No.: C.C. 5 Course Credit: 4

Theory: 80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

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COURSES OBJECTIVES

- To enable the student to understand the relationship between culture, society and
- To enable them to analyze the relationship between Education and social change, social stratification, social mobility and modernization.

 To make them aware of the constitutional provisions towards the protection of educational rights with special reference to the deprived sections of the society like scheduled caste, scheduled tribes, women and minorities.
- To make them realize the importance of constitutional values and their implications in Education.
- To enable them to understand the meaning and functions of phile Philosophy of Education To make them realize the relationships between philosophy and education. them to understand the meaning and functions of philosophy, and
- To make them understand the major postulates of different Schools of Philosophies and Modern Theories and their relevance for aims, Curriculum, methods, and role of teacher in an education system.
- To enable them to understand Indian Schools of Philosophy and their relevance to education.
- To make them realize the contribution of great Indian educators to the field of education.

COURSE CONTENTS

- UNIT-I Sociology as a Frame of Reference in Education

 Meaning of sociology and its various functions with special reference to its relevance tothe society
 - Relationship between Sociology and Education
 - Concept and nature of sociology of Education, Difference between sociology of Education and Educational Sociology.

 Education as a Social sub-System; Itsspecific Characteristics, structure & function.
- Social Determinants of Education- Views of Emile Durkheim&Paulo Freire
 A critical analysis of National Educational Policy in Sociological Perspective (NPE 1986and its revision thereafter).

 UNIT-IEEducation and Socio-Cultural Change

- Society: its structure, functions and interdependence with education.

 Social Stratification, Social Mobility, Socialization, and Acculturation and their relationship with Education.
- Education and social change, Role of Education in Social Change, Constraints of Social Change in India(Caste, Ethnicity, Class, Language, Religion, Regionalism& Politics). Education and culture; Meaning and Nature of Culture, Role of education in Cultural
- Education as related to Religion & Politics.

Education & Modernization UNIT-IIIConstitutional Provisions of Education

- Constitutional Provisions of Education
- Equality vs. Equity in education

- Means and measures adopted for the equality of educational opportunities for socially, culturally and economically deprived sections of the society like; Scheduled castes, Scheduled tribes, Women, Minorities, and Other Backward Sections
- Constitutional Values& Education:Demccracy, Secularism, Socialism, National Integration and their implications to Education

UNIT-IV Philosophy of Education & Western Philosophical Systems

- Philosophy as General Frame of Reference: Meaning and definitions of philosophy, Functions of philosophy, Branches of philosophy and their relationship with educational problems and issues, Meaning and functions of philosophy of Education
- problems and issues, Meaning and functions of philosophy of Education Major schools of philosophy with special reference to the concepts of reality, knowledge and values, and their educational implications; Idealism with special reference to Plato, Naturalism with special reference to Roussea 1, Pragmatism with special reference to John Dewey, Realism with special reference to Aristotle Modern Theories of Education with special reference to the concept of reality, knowledge and values, and their educational implications: Existentialism, Marxism, Logical Empiricism, Philosophic Analysis
- and values, and their educatio Empiricism, Philosophic Analysis

UNIT-V Indian Philosophies of Education

- Indian Schools of Philosophy with special reference to their concepts of reality, knowledge and values, and their educational implications: Sankhya, Vedanta, Buddhism, Jainism and Islamic Traditions.

 Buddhism thinkers and their philosophical contribution in the field of education: Gandhi, Tagore, Vivekanand, Aurobindo& Sir Syed Ahmad Khan.

SUGGESTED READING

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Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - II

TEACHER EDUCATION-ISSUES & CHALLENGES

Course No.: C.C. 6 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

Theory:80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

After studying the course students will understand:

- The Concept, Factors & Approaches influencing teacher development.
- National and state policies on teacher education.
- Different types of Teacher Education Programmes.
- The role & functions of various agencies associated with Teacher Education.
- Structure and Management of Teacher Education in India
- The methods & strategies used for the modification of Teacher Trainees' behavior.
- Importance of Research in Teacher Education, its trends, paradigm, findings and theiruses for improving the quality of the Teacher programme.
- Problems and Issues in Teacher Education

COURSE CONTENTS

- UNIT 1: Teachers' Development-Concepts, Factors & Approaches

 Teacher Development Concept, Factors influencing teacher development personal, contextual.
 - Teacher Expertise Berliner's stages of development of a teacher.
 - Approaches to teacher development self-directed development, cooperative or collegial development, change-oriented staff development.
 - Modification of Teaching Behavior: Micro Teaching Approach, Simulated Teaching and Interaction Analysis

UNIT II: Perspectives and Policy on Teacher Education

- Different organizations and agencies involved in teacher education their roles, functions and networking
- In-service teacher education under DPEP, SSA and RMSA
- Preparation of teachers for art, craft, music, physical education and special education need, existing programmes and practices
- Initiatives of the NGOs in designing and implementing in-service teacher education programmes

UNIT III: Structure and Management of Teacher Education

- Structure of teacher education system in India its merits and limitations
 Universalization of Secondary Education and its implications for teacher education at the secondary level Preparing teachers for different contexts of school education - structural and substantive
- arrangements in the TE programmes

 Vertical mobility of a school teacher avenues

 Professional development of teachers and teacher educators present practices and
- avenues
- Systemic factors influencing the quality of pre and in-service education of secondary school teachers

UNIT IV: Research in Teacher Education

- Paradigms for research on teaching Gage, Doyle and Shulman.
- Research on effectiveness of teacher education programmes characteristics of an
- effective teacher education programme
 Methodological issues of research in teacher education direct versus indirect inference. generalizability of findings, laboratory versus field research, scope and limitations of classroom observation
- Trends of research in teacher education review of a few recent research studies in teacher education with reference design, findings and policy implications

UNIT V: Problems and Issues in Teacher Education

- Challenges in professional development of teachers relevance to school education, improperly qualified teacher educators, assurance of quality of teacher education programmes.
- Sufficiency of subject matter knowledge for teaching at the senior secondary level,
- Single subject versus multiple subject teachers implications for subject combinations in initial teacher preparation
- Issues related to enhancing teacher competence, commitment and teacher performance
- Partnerships in secondary teacher education TEI with school and community, Government Agencies with University, with NGOs, between teacher education institutions preparing teachers for different levels of school education

SUGGESTED READING

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Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - II CURRICULUM STUDIES

Course No.: C.C. 7 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

Theory:80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

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On completion of this course the students will be able to:

- define curriculum,
- identify the components of curriculum,
- describe the various principles of curriculum,
- explain various determinants of curriculum.
- describe and analyze various approaches to curriculum, explain and compare various types of curriculum. differentiate between various models of curriculum,

COURSE CONTENTS

Unit I- Nature of Curriculum

- Meaning and concept of curriculum.
- Curriculum as a body of socially organized knowledge, inert and live curriculum.
 Components of Curriculum: Objectives, Content, Learning Experiences and Evaluation System.

 Base/Foundations of Curriculum (Philosophical-epistemic activism, Social and
- Psychological).

- Unit II-Determinants of Curriculum

 Objectives-Values enshrined in the Constitution such as social justice, equality and

 - Objectives-values ensurined in the Constitution such as social justice, equality and secularism;

 o ③ Core elements as reflected in the NPE-1986 and POA;

 o ⑤ Curriculum concerns as reflected in NCFSE-2000 and NCF 2005.

 Explosion of knowledge, Information vs. Knowledge, Nurturing creativity in all the areas of Knowledge and its construction by children
 - Society, social forces, revolutionary change in the society: ICT, change in value system, Localization, Privatization and Globalization.
 - Learner: growth and development. Nature of subject matter/content.

Unit III - Type of Curriculum • Subject centred

- Learner centred Community centred.
- Environment centred
- Humanistic Curriculum: Characteristics, purpose, role of teacher, Psychological basis of humanistic curriculum
- Social reconstructionist cu inreconstructionist curriculum curriculum: characteristics, purpose, role of teacher

Unit IV- Curriculum Development-Concept and Components

- V- Curriculum Development-Concept and Components

 Curriculum development: concept and need

 Components of curriculum development: objectives, selection of content and learning
 experiences; organization of content and learning experiences, and evaluation of curriculum

 Curriculum development as a continuous and cyclic process

- Need for active role of stakeholders in the process of curriculum development
- Curriculum Framework

Unit V-Principles, Theories and Models of Curriculum Development

- Principles, Theories and Models of Curriculum Development
 Principles of Curriculum Construction: Students centred, Activity centred, Community
 centred, Forward looking principle, Principles of integration, Conservative (Preservation
 of Culture etc.), Relevance, flexibility, quality, contexuality and plurality.
 Theories of curriculum development and their significance to curriculum planning.
 Curriculum models: The AIM model, Taba's Inverted model, Tyler's Ends-Means model,
 Oliva model, Saylor-Alexander Model, Macdonald's model. Zais Eclectic model,
 Cornett's personal practical theories model

- SUGESTED READING
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Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - II

INNOVATIVE TEACHING - LEARNING

Course No.: C.C. 8 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

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Theory: 80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

On completion of the course, the student teacher will be able to:

- Understand Concept & Nature of Teacher Centered, Learner Centered, and Group Controlled Instructional Techniques

- Understand and use effectively different methods of teaching coming under Teacher Centered, Learner Centered, and Group Controlled Approaches.

 Organize learning with active participation of learners individually and in groups. Know various styles and strategies of learning Understand and consider factors enhancing Students' Learning like Motivation, Individual differences etc.
- Demonstrate his/her understanding of different teaching skills and their role in effective teaching.
 Use instructional skills effectively.

COURSE CONTENTS

- Unit 1: Teacher Centered Instructional Techniques/ Methods:

 Lecture Method: Concept & Types of Lecture, Merits & Demerits of Lecturing, Planning& Preparing for Large Lecture Course, Delivering aLecture; General Strategies to Make a Lecture effective, Skills Associated with Lecture Method.

 Demonstration Method: Nature of Demonstration, Common defects, Measures to Improve Demonstration, Criteria for Assessing Demonstration

 Team Teaching; Nature & Types of Team Teaching

 Supervised Study.

- ream reaching; Nature & Types of Team Teaching
 Supervised Study.
 Unit II: Learner Centered Instructional Techniques/ Methods:

 Activity Based Instruction:Case Studies, Role Play and Dramatization, Simulation
 Self-Learning; Programmed Instruction, Keller Plan, Computer Assisted Instruction
 Project Method: Concept & Types of Project, How to Organize Project Work, Evaluation Project Work
 Problem Solving Method
 - Problem Solving Method

- Unit III: Group Controlled Instructional Techniques/ Methods:
 Group Controlled Instruction: Concept, Types & Importance, Organizing Group Interactive Sessions
 - Discussion Strategy: Leading a Discussion, Encouraging Student Participation in Discussion, Asking Questions, Fielding Students' Questions
 Group Discussion, Debate, & Panel discussion
- Brain Storming.

 Brain Storming.

 Cooperative/Collaborative Learning: Group Work and Study Teams, Group Investigation & Group Project, Fieldwork

 Seminar, Symposium Conferences
 Unit IV: Enhancing Students' Learning and Motivation

- Helping Students Learn

- Learning Students Learn
 Learning Styles and Preferences; Models of Teaching & Learning
 Motivating Students to Learn; techniques of enhancing motivation
 Taking Account of Individual Differences for Effective Learning
 Forgetting classroom learning meaning and its causes; strategies for improving retention of learning

Writing Skills and Homework Assignments; Helping Students Write Better in All Courses, Effective Use of Homework, Designing Effective Writing Assignments, Evaluating Students' Written Work
 Unit V: Specific Teaching Skills

- Classroom Management; Elements of Effective Classroom Management
 Behaviour Management; Dealing with Inappropriate Behaviour
 Classroom Climate; Concept & Types of Classroom Climate, Creating a Pleasant Classroom Climate: Teacher Expectation
- Climate; Teacher Expectation
 Problem Solving & Higher-order Thinking Skills
 Teaching Students with Special Educational Needs: Teaching Students with Learning &
 Other Disabilities
 Teaching Giffed Students
 Developing Students Social Skills

SUGGESTED READING

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Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur

M.Ed. Semester - II DISSERTATION (1/2)

*1

Course No.: C.C. 9 Course Credit: 2 COURSES OBJECTIVES

Theory:40 Marks Practicum: 10 Marks

On completion of the course, the student teacher will be able to:

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- Identify the priority Areas of Educational Research.
- Realize the basic steps of research processes.

 Understand the purpose & method of literature review in research and be able to prepare a related literature review report
- a related literature review report Identify and formulate a research problem considering the required parameters and be able to formulate relevant research objectives on research questions.
- Identify the variables of a chosenresearch problem.

 Formulate hypothesis considering the required characteristics.
- a research proposal on a chosenre-search problem considering the basic Write a reserequirements.

COURSE CONTENTS

Unit I- Bases & Areas of Educational Research

- Bases of Educational Research
- Problems Related to Content of Education
- Problems Related to Different Stages & Sectors of Education
- Problems Related to Teaching Process
- Priority Areas of Educational Research in India
- An Overview of the research process: An eight step model; Formulating a research problem, Conceptualizing a research design, Writing a research proposal, Constructing an instrument for data collection, Selecting a sample, collecting data, Processing & displaying data, Writing a research report.

Unit II- Reviewing the Related Literature & Selecting the Research Problem

- Importance& purpose of literature review in research
- How to review the related literature: Searching for the existing literature, Reviewing the selected literature, Developing a theoretical framework, Developing a conceptual
- Writing about the literature reviewed or preparation of related literature report
- Research Problem: Causes of Emergence of Research Problems, Sources of research problems, Basic Considerations in Selectinga research problems, Kinds of Research Problems, The importance of formulating a research problem, Steps in formulating a research problem, Identification, Conceptualization and Statement of the Research Problem, Analyzing, defining & Delimiting the Problem, Establishing operational definitions, Formulating research objectives or research questions

Unit III- Identifying the variables, Formulating Hypothesis & Writing a Research Proposal

- Identifying the variables: concept & types of variables
- Constructing hypothesis: definition & functions of hypothesis, the characteristics of hypothesis, types of hypothesis, testing hypothesis & errors in testing hypothesis, hypothesis in qualitative research.
- Purpose of research proposal in quantitative & cualitative research

Writing a Research Proposal: Contents of research proposal; An Introduction, including a brief literature review, theoretical framework that underpins the study, conceptual framework which constitutes the basis of study, objectives of study or the research questions, hypothesis to be tested, if applicable, design of study, research instrument(s)/ tool(s) to be used, sampling design & sample size, data processing procedure, proposed chapters of the report, problems & limitations o'the study, proposed time frame for the research project.

- research project.

 SUGGESTED READING

 1. Arthur, James; Waring, Michael et al.(2012; Research Methods and Methodologies inEducation, New Delhi: Sage India

 2. Atkins, Liz & Wallace, Sue (2012): Qualitative Research in Education, New Delhi: Sage

 3. Best, J.W. and Kahn, J. V., (1995): Research in Education 7th Edn., New Delhi: Prentice Hallof India Pvt. Ltd.

 4. Boudah, Daniel (2012): Conducting Educationa. Research, New Delhi: Sage India

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 - Cohen, L. & Manion L. (1980): Research Methods in Education, London: Groom Helm

 - Corey, S.M. &Shukla J.K.,(1962) Practical Classroom Research by Teachers, New Delhi:
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 9. Festinger, U. and Katz, D. (Eds.) (1970): Research Methods in Behavioural Sciences, NewYork: Holt, Rinehart & Winston

 10. Gage, N.L. (Ed.),(1963) Handbook of Research in Teaching, Chicago: Rand McNally

 11. Goode, W. J. and Hill, (1952) Method of Social Research in Teaching, McGraw Hill

 12. Johnson, Bruke& Christensen, Lary (2012]: Educational Research: Quantitative, Qualitative and Mixed Approach, New Delhi: Sæge India

 13. Kaul, Lokesh (1994): Methodology of Educational Research, New Delhi: Vikas Pub. House Kerlinger, F.N. (1973) Foundations of Behavioural Research New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston Inc.

 - Punch, Keith F.(2009): Introduction to Research Methods in Education, New Delhi: Sage
 Singh A.K. (2002) Test measurement and Research methods in Behvioural sciences, Patna; BharatiBhawan Publishers & Distributors

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - II

INTERNSHIP INA TEACHER EDUCATION INSTITUTION

Course No.: EPC 2 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

Full Marks:50 racticum:50 Marks Internship/ Field Attachment in teacher education institution aims at engaging the students with field based situation and work in elementary and other levels of teacher education institutions conducting Professional pre-service and in-service teacher education programmes, and to provide an opportunity for reflection and writing on the same. This is also to facilitate a bridge between what students learn in classroom and observe in the field.

COURSE CONTENTS/ACTIVITY

Systematically planned Internship/ Field Attachment in teacher education institution shall be organized during the programme for the durations of three to four weeks. Close mentorship of faculty or/and a member from the host association (field mentor) together guide groups of (3 to 5) students shall be provided for in the programme. The student's participation in the institutional tasks shall converge in an Internship/ Field Attachment report on the basis of which a part of assessment shall be done. A student's regularity, engagement in the field sites and discussions with mentors (during pre-planning and during and after the internship) shall also be included in the assessment. The components of Internship work evaluation shall be as under:

(a)	Involvement & performance in the field work	- 25 marks
(b)	Quality of Internship Report	- 20 marks
(c)	Regularity and Behaviour	-05 marks

M.Ed. SEMESTER-III

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - III ELEMENTARY (VIIDEDUCATION FOR DIFFERENTLY ABLED

Course No.: S.C. 1 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

Theory: 80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

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- On completion of this course the students will be able to;
 Understand concept, meaning and significance of education for children with giftedness, creativity, sensory, mentally challenged, OPH and developmental disabilities.
 Appreciate the need for developing human resource by accepting their talents and limitations.
 Develop critical understanding on the characteristics of above listed groups of children and roles and responsibilities of the teachers for their inclusion.
 Understand the nature of difficulties encountered by these children and need for developing plus curricular skills.
 Apply their understanding in adapting instructional materials and methods for teaching in
 - Apply their understanding in adapting instructional materials and methods for teaching in elementary inclusive schools,
 - understand the policy perspectives related to education of socially disadvantaged section in India.
 - analyze the status of education of the socially disadvantaged children in the country,
 - understand the schemes and programmes of education of socially disadvantaged group,

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT-I: Education for Children with Diverse Needs

- Concepts and meaning. Classification of diverse needs

- Physically and mentally challenged.
 Socially and Economically marginalized and disadvantaged groups.
 Environmental and ecological diverse children
 Social and academic inclusion of learners with diverse needs in mainstream classrooms.
 Inclusive educational strategies and their implications for universalization of elementary
- Curriculum adaptations and evaluation for chilcren with diverse needs

UNIT -II: Education for Gifted and Creative Children

- Concept, Types and Characteristics

 Need for understanding giftedness, creativity, disadvantaged gifted and role of teachers

 Identification of giftedness and creative childre 1 at elementary level.
- Class room condition and role of teachers.
- Plan of educationand adaptation for inclusive classroom teaching

- UNIT-III: Education for Physically Challenged Children

 Concept and types (orthopedically, visually and hearing impaired children)
 - Educational considerations.
 - Meaning, Characteristics and educational plan for orthopedically challenged children
 - Meaning, Characteristics and educational plan for visually challenged children Meaning, Characteristics and educational plan for hearing impaired children
 - Adaptations in instructional material and methods

 - Implications for inclusion at elementarylevel of education -teachers role
 - Technological devices and supportive services at elementarylevel

UNIT IV: Education for Mentally Challenged Children

- Concept of mental retardation.
- Distinction between mental retardation and mental deficiency
- Implications for inclusion of M.R and M.I at elementarystage
- Curricular adaptations and teachers role
- Class room condition and role of teachers.
- Plan of education
- Supportive service required for education and rehabilitation for elementary school children.

UNIT V:Education of children with developmental and multi disabilities

- Concept, meaning and classification of children with mild and severe disabilities Methods and techniques used for identification, assessment and placement in inclusive classrooms
- Educational characteristics of these children and implications for academic inclusion Role of teachers and specific learning disabilities
- Multi disabilities and possibilities of academic inclusionat elementarystage.

- SUGGESTED READING
 1. Baquer, A. and Sharma, A. (1997): Disability: Challenges Vs Responses. CAN, New Delhi
 - Brelje, W. (1999): Global Perspective on Education of the Deaf. Selected countries, USA: Butte Publication Inc.
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 Farwel, M. (2004): Special Education Needs, Paul Chapman Publishing-Sage
 Friel, J. (1997): Children with special needs, Jessica Kingsley Publication, London
 Government of India (1986). National Policy on Education, Department of Education, New Delhi.
 - 12. Government of India (1992). Programme of Action, MHRD, Department of Education,

 - New Delhi.
 Hollahan, D and Kauffman, M. (1978): Exceptional Children: An Introduction to Special Education, N.Y. Englewood Cliffs: Prentice Hall.
 Kirk, S. &Gallalagher (1979): Education of the Exceptional Children, New Delhi, Oxford & IBH Publications.
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 Pandey, R.S. and Advani, L. (1995): Perspectives in Disability and Rehabilitation. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.

- Porter, L. (2003) Educating Young Children with Special Needs, New Delhi, Sage Publication.
 ShehVimal P (1982) The Educational Problems of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe School and College Students in India
 Shelton, C.F (2000): The Exceptional Teachers Handbook, New Delhi, Cowries Press, Sage Publication.
 Wall, K. (2003): Special Needs and Early Years-A Practitioners Guide, New Delhi, Paul Chapman Publishing.

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - III

SECONDARY (IX-XII) EDUCATION FOR DIFFERENTLY ABLED

Course No.: S.C. 1 Course Credit: 4

Theory: 80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

COURSES OBJECTIVES

- On completion of this course the students will be able to;

 Understand concept, meaning and significance of education for children with giftedness, creativity, sensory, mentally challenged, OPH and developmental disabilities.

 Appreciate the need for developing human resource by accepting their talents and limitations.

 Develop critical understanding on the characteristics of above listed groups of children and roles and responsibilities of the teachers for their inclusion.

 Understand the nature of difficulties encountered by these children and need for developing plus curricular skills.

 Apply their understanding in adapting instructional materials and methods for teaching in

 - Apply their understanding in adapting instructional materials and methods for teaching in inclusive secondary schools, understand the policy perspectives related to education of socially disadvantaged section
 - analyze the status of education of the socially disadvantaged children in the country,
 - understand the schemes and programmes of education of socially disadvantaged group,

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT-I: Education for Children with Diverse Needs

- Concepts and meaning.
- Classification of diverse needs.
- Classification of diverse needs.

 Physically and mentally challenged.

 Socially and Economically marginalized and disadvantaged groups.

 Environmental and ecological diverse children
- Social and academic inclusion of learners with diverse needs in mainstream classrooms. Inclusive educational strategies and their implications for universalization of secondary
- education.
- Curriculum adaptations and evaluation for children with diverse needs

UNIT -II: Education for Gifted and Creative Children

- Concept, Types and Characteristics

 Need for understanding giftedness, creativity, disadvantaged gifted and role of teachers

 Identification of giftedness and creative children at secondary level.
- Class room condition and role of teachers.
- Plan of educationand adaptation for inclusive secondary classroom teaching

UNIT-III: Education for Physically Challenged Children

- Concept and types (orthopedically, visually and hearing impaired children) Educational considerations.
- Meaning, Characteristics and educational plan for orthopedically challenged children Meaning, Characteristics and educational plan for visually challenged children Meaning, Characteristics and educational plan for hearing impaired children Adaptations in instructional material and methods at secondary stage

- Implications for inclusion at secondary level of education -teachers role Technological devices and supportive services at secondary level of education.

UNIT IV: Education for Mentally Challenged Children

- Concept of mental retardation.
- Distinction between mental retardation and mental deficiency
- Implications for inclusion of M.R and M.I at secondary stage
- Curricular adaptations and teachers role
- Class room condition and role of teachers.
- Plan of education
- Supportive service required for education and rehabilitation of secondary school children.

- UNIT V:Education of children with developmental and multi disabilities

 Concept, meaning and classification of children with mild and severe disabilities
 - Methods and techniques used for identification, assessment and placement in inclusive secondary classrooms
 - Educational characteristics of these children and implications for academic inclusion

 - Role of teachers and specific learning disabilities Multi disabilities and possibilities of academic inclusionat secondary stage

SUGGESTED READING

- Baquer, A. and Sharma, A. (1997): Disability: Challenges Vs Responses. CAN, New Delhi
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 Brelje, W. (1999): Global Perspective on Education of the Deaf. Selected countries,
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 Friel, J. (1997): Children with special needs, Jessica Kingsley Publication, London
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- House. Pandey, R.S. and Advani, L. (1995): Perspectives in Disability and Rehabilitation. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.

- 17. Porter, L. (2003) Educating Young Children with Special Needs, New Delhi, Sage

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Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - III

CURRICULUM, PEDAGOGY & ASSESSMENT-ELEMENTARY

Course No.: S.C. 2 Course Credit: 4

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Theory: 80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

COURSES OBJECTIVES

The students will be able to

- Understand the Principles and perspectives of Elementary School Curriculum
 The relevance of NCF, 2005 and autonomy in developing curriculum with regard to local
 specific issues and challenges
 Comprehend the Concept of Parkey
- Comprehend the Concept of Pedagogy and critically analyze the pedagogy prescribed in the educational thoughts of Great educators.
- Understand the basic concepts and types of educational assessment
 Understand the basic considerations in educational assessment and evaluation
- Understand how various requirements of education are measured, evaluated, interpreted and their results are recorded to help learners.
- Understand the basic Techniques and Tools of Evaluation of Cognitive and Non-Cognitive Outcomes.
- Comprehend the recent trends of educational evaluation
- To construct & develop different types of tests; Achievement Test, Criterion-referenced Mastery Test, Diagnostic Test etc.

COURSE CONTENTS

- SE CONTENTS

 (- Principles of Elementary School Curriculum

 Concept, components and determinants of curriculum;
- Principles of curriculum construction, Criteria for selection and organization of content and learning activities;
- Different perspectives to curriculum and their synthesis constructivist; behaviouristic, cognitive and
- Basic considerations of Curriculum Development; Content driven curriculum, Objective driven curriculum, Process driven curriculum, Condensed, integrated and partly integrated curriculum, Hidden curriculum.

 The relevance to NCF, 2005 and autonomy in developing curriculum with regard to local process in the content of th
- The relevance to NCF, 2005 specific issues and challenges.

UNIT II-Pedagogy

- II-Pedagogy
 Meaning and concept of pedagogy.
 Concept of Child centered pedagogy.
 Process of knowledge construction for development of concepts, understanding, logical reasoning, critical thinking and problem solving.
 Forms of learner's engagement- observing, exploring, discovering, analyzing, critical thinking and reflection, contextualization, multiple interpretations, collaboration.
 Pedagogical analysis of the subject content.
 Critical Pedagogy; Critical analysis of the pedagogy prescribed in the educational thoughts of Tagore, Gandhi, J. Krishnamurthy, Sri Aurobindo, Gijubhai, John Dewey, Plato and Socrates (dialogue), and their applicability in elementary school context.

- UNIT-III Basic Concepts in Educational Assessment
 Concept of Test, Measurement, Assessment and Evaluation
 Role of Evaluation in the Teaching Learning Process
 Needs & Purposes of Evaluation

- Types of Evaluation; Placement Evaluation, Formative & Summative Evaluation, Diagnostic Evaluation, Internal & External Evaluation, Norm-referenced and Criterion-referenced Evaluation
- Continuous Comprehensive Internal Assessment
- Grading System

UNIT-IV Basic Considerations in Educational Assessment

- Basic Characteristics of a good Measuring Instrument Validity, Reliability and Objectivity; Concepts, Factors affecting them, their types and ways of determination
- Basics of Statistics: Graphical Representation of Data, Measures of Central Tendency,

- Variability, Correlation.

 Scales of Measurements; Nominal, Ordinal, Interval and Ratio Scales
 Interpretation of Test Scores; Norms; Concept and Types- Age, Grade, Percentile, Z- Score, T-scores, C-scores &Stannines.

UNIT-V Techniques and Tools of Evaluation

- Basic Techniques and Tools of Evaluation
 Basic Techniques and Tools of Evaluation of Cognitive Outcomes; Subjective and
 Objective Tools, Nature, Characteristics, Advantages And Limitations of Essay Test,
 Objectives Test, Performance Test and Oral Test.
 Basic Techniques and Tools of Evaluation of Non-Cognitive Outcomes; Observation
 Schedules, Rating scales, Interest Inventories.
 Measurement of Aptitude; Different Types of Aptitude Tests and their Salient Features
 Educational Objectives and their Role in Teaching Learning and Testing Process
 Taxonomy of educational objectives- B.S.Bloom.
 Steps Involved in the Construction and Standardization of an Achievement Test

- Steps Involved in the Construction and Standardization of an Achievement Test Construction and Standardization of a Criterion-referenced Mastery Test Steps Involved in the Construction of a Diagnostic Test

SUGGESTED READING

- Anastasi, Anne & Urbina, Susane (2004): Psychological Testing, Singapore: Pearson Education
- 3.
- Anastasi, Anne & Urbina, Susane (2004): Psychological Testing. Singapore: Pearson Education Beauchamp, G.A (1981): Curriculum theory (4th edition.) Itasea, II: Peacock Publishers Bruner, J.S. (1966) Towards a theory of Instruction. Cambridge. Harvard University Press. Cronbach, L. J. (1990): Essentials of Psychological Testing (5th edn.) New York: Harper & Row. Davis, Barbara Gross (1993). Tools for Teaching, San Francisco: Jossey-Bass Inc., Publishers.
- Freeman, Frank S. (1965): Theory and Practice of Psychological Testing. New Delhi: Oxford
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- Henson, Kenneth. T (1978): Curriculum development for Education reform. Harper Collins College publishers.
- Hopkins, C. D. & Stanley, J. C. (1981): Educational and Psychological Measurement and Evaluation (6th edn.). New Jersey, Englewood Cliffs: Prentice Hall Inc.

- Kelley, A.B. (1996). The Curricular Theory and Practice. Harper and Row, US.
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- NCTE (2005). Report on ECCE Teacher Education: Curriculum Framework and Syllabus Outline, New Delhi
- Outline, New Delhi
 NIPCCD (2002). Children in Difficult Circumstances: Summaries of Research, Resource Centre on Children, New Delhi.
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 Zias, R S. (1976). Curriculum principles and foundations. New York: Harper & Row.

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - III CURRICULUM, PEDAGOGY & ASSESSMENT - SECONDARY

.

Course No.: S.C. 2 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

Theory: 80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

- Comprehend the meaning, process, and requirements of curriculum transaction and its
- Understand the basic concepts and types of educational assessment
- Understand the basic concepts and types of educational assessment
 Understand the basic considerations in educational assessment and evaluation
 Understand how various requirements of education are measured, evaluated, interpreted
 and their results are recorded to help learners.
 Understand the basic Techniques and Tools of Evaluation of Cognitive and Non-
- Cognitive Outcomes.
- Develop skills and competencies in constructing and standardizing different kinds of tests.
- Understand the need for curriculum evaluation and the strategies involved in curriculum evaluation
- Analyze various models of curriculum evaluation and their relevance to Indian Education
- Comprehend the recent trends of educational evaluation like Grading System, Question Banking, Use of Computer in Evaluation
 COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT-ICurriculum Transaction

- Curriculum Implementation: Activities associated with Pre-Implementation, Implementation and Post Implementation Phases Instructional System: Meaning and Concept of System, Input-Process-Output Model of a System, System Approach to Instruction and Its Stages, Instructional Media, Evaluation of Instruction.
- Pedagogical analysis of the subject content; B.S. Bloom Mastery Learning Approach & Constructivist Approach
 Curriculum transaction in multicultural and multilingual classrooms and multi-grade
- classrooms

UNIT-II Basic Concepts in Educational Assessment

- Concept of Test, Measurement, Assessment and Evaluation Role of Evaluation in the Teaching Learning Process
- Needs & Purposes of Evaluation
- Types of Evaluation; Placement Evaluation, Formative & Summative Evaluation, Diagnostic Evaluation, Internal & External Evaluation, Norm-referenced and Criterion-
- referenced Evaluation
 Continuous Comprehensive Internal Assessment

UNIT-III Basic Considerations in Educational Assessment

- Basic Characteristics of a good Measuring Instrument Validity, Reliability and Objectivity; Concepts, Factors affecting them, their types and ways of determination
- Basics of Statistics: Graphical Representation of Data, Measures of Central Tendency,
- Variability, Correlation. Scales of Measurements; Nominal, Ordinal, Interval and Ratio Scales

Interpretation of Test Scores; Norms; Concept and Types- Age, Grade, Percentile, Z-Score, T-scores, C-scores &Stannines.

- UNIT-IV Techniques and Tools of Evaluation
 Basic Techniques and Tools of Evaluation of Cognitive Outcomes; Subjective and Objective Tools, Nature, Characteristics, Advantages And Limitations of Essay Test, Objectives Test, Performance Test and Oral Test
 Basic Techniques and Tools of Evaluation of Non-Cognitive Outcomes; Observation Schedules, Rating scales, Attitude Scales, Interest Inventories
 Testing by Objectives; Educational Objectives and their Role in Teaching Learning and Testing Process, B.S. Bloom's Taxonomy of educational objectives.
 Steps Involved in the Construction and Standardization of an Achievement Test
 Construction and Standardization of a Criterion-referenced Mastery Test

UNIT-VRecent Trends of Educational Evaluation

- Concept of curriculum evaluation
- Need for curriculum evaluation
- Curriculum evaluation models: Ralph Tyler's evaluation model, CIPP model (Stufflebeam), Robert Stake's countenance model, &Michael Scriven's model
- Grading System Question Bank
- Use of Computer in Evaluation

SUGGESTED READING

- 1. Anastasi, Anne & Urbina, Susane (2004): Psychological Testing. Singapore: Pearson Education
- Arichlency (1977), Handbook of curriculum evaluation, UNESCO, International Institute for Educational planning, Paris
- Beauchamp, G.A (1981): Curriculum theory (4th edition.). Itasca, II: Peacock Publishers Bruner, J.S. (1966) Towards a theory of Instruction. Cambridge. Harvard University Press. Chauhan, C. P. S. (1993). Emerging Trends in Educational Evaluation, New Delhi; Commonwealth Publishers

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Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - III

ADVANCED RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Course No.: C.C. 10 Course Credit: 4

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Theory: 80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

COURSES OBJECTIVES

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- convey the essential characteristics of a set of data by representing in tabular and graphical forms and computing relevant measures of average and measures of variation
- examine relationship between and among different types of variables of a research study explain or predict values of a dependent variable based on the values of one or more independent variables
- estimate the characteristics of populations based on their sample data
- test specific hypotheses about populations based on their sample data
- use appropriate procedures to analyze qualitative data write appropriate Research Report

COURSE CONTENTS

Unit I: Descriptive Analysis of Quantitative Data

- Data types: Nominal, Ordinal, Interval and Ratio; Data Levels: individual and group
- Graphical representation of Data
- Description and comparison of groups: measures of central tendencies and dispersions, assumptions, uses and interpretation
- Normal Distribution: Theoretical and empirical distributions, Deviation from normality and underlying causes, characteristics of Normal Probability curve and its applications
- Relative Positions Percentile Rank z-scores.

Unit II: Examining Relationships

- Correlation Concepts, types and uses
- Scatter plots and their interpretation
- Computation of Product Moment, Spearman's Rank, Biserial, point-biserial, Tetra-choric, Partial and Multiple correlations.
- Linear Regression Analysis-concept of regression, regression equation, regression line and their uses, accuracy of prediction

- Unit III: Inferential Analysis of Quantitative Data-1

 Estimation of a Parameter-Concept of parameter and statistics, sampling error, sampling distribution, Standard Error of Mean
 - Testing of Hypotheses-Null and Alternative Hypotheses, Directional Alternative Hypotheses, Testing of Null Hypotheses, Levels of Significance, confidence, limits and intervals, degrees of freedom, types of Error.
 - Tests of significance of mean and of difference betweenmeansfor independent and correlated samples(both large and small samples); t-test, F-test, their characteristics, analysis, interpretation and uses.

- Unit IV: Inferential Analysis of Qualitative Data-2

 Analysis of variance and Co- variance (ANOVA and ANCOVA)-concept, assumptions and uses
 - Analysis of Frequencies using Chi-square-Chi-square as test of goodness of fit and test of

- Contingency coefficient and its uses
- Non-Parametric statistics: assumptions and uses of sign test, rank test and median test

- Non-Parametric statistics: assumptions and uses of sign test, rank test and median test
 Unit V: Data Analysis in Qualitative and Mixed Research and Report Writing
 Memoing, Analysis of visual data, segmenting coding and developing category systems;
 Enumeration, identifying relationships among categories, constructing diagrams, corroborating and validating results

 Paper Writing Course Paper less than 18 and 18 a
 - Report Writing: General Principles, Format and Style, content and chapterization, References
 - and Bibliography, Appendices.
 Preparation of Research Abstracts/Executive Summary
 - Characteristics of a good research report.

SUGGESTED READING

- Cononver, W.J. (1971). Practical Non-Parametric Statistics, New York: John Wiley & Sons Inc. Ferguson, G.A.(1981). A Statistical Analysis in Psychology and Education, New York: McGraw Hill.

- Hill.
 Gibbons, J.D. (1971). Non-Parametric Statistical Inference, New York: McGraw Hill.
 Garrett H.E. (1973). Statistics in Education and Psychology, Bombay: Yakills Fitter &Simsons Pvt. Ltd.
 Glan, G.V., & Hopkins, K.D. (1996). Statistical Methods in Education and Psychology, (3rd edition), Boston: Allyn& Bacon.
 Guilford, J. P. & B. Fruchter. (1987). Fundamental Statistics in Education and Psychology, Tokyo: McGraw Hill (Student-Sixth edition).
 Henry, G.T. (1995). Graphing data: Techniques for display and analysis, Thousand oaks, CA: Sage.
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 Howell, D.C. (1997). Statistical Methods for Psychology, Belmont, CA: Duxbury Press,
 Huck, S.W. (2007). Reading Statistics and research, Boston: Allyn& Bacon.
 Kuriz Albert J. and Samuel T. Mayo. (1981). Statistics in Education and Psychology, New Delhi:NarousaPublishing House
 Lindquist, E.F., (1970) Statistical Analysis in Educational Research, New Delhi: Oxford & IBH Publishing Company Co.
 Miles, M.B. & Huberman, A.M. (1994). Qualitative Data Analysis: An expanded Sourcebook. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
 Popham and Sirohic (1993). Educational Statistics-Use and Interpretation, New York: Harper and Row. 7.

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Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - III

CREATIVITY & VALUE EDUCATION

1.

Course No.: C.C. 11 Course Credit: 4
COURSES OBJECTIVES

Theory: 80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

On completion of the course, the student teacher wil , able to:

- Understand concept, nature, components, theories and measures of Creativity of Creativity
- Apply different techniques for development of Creativity
 Understand the concept, nature, theories and measures of Intelligence.
 Understand the relationship between Creativity and Intelligence
- Foster higher level thinking among students
- Foster higher level thinking among students
 Understand the Concept, Need and Importance of Value-Education.
 Understand the relationship between Culture and Human Values with special reference to India.
- Understand the Approaches and Methodologies of Value-Education as well as its
- Evaluation Strategies.
 Understand the Concept of Moral Education and the Process of Moral Development vis-à-vis their Cognitive and Social development.

COURSE CONTENTS

Unit- I. Creativity & Education of the Creative Child

- Concept, nature, and components of Creativity Relationship between Creativity and Intelligence
- Theories of Creativity and Development of Creativity Models and Techniques Identification of the Creative Children; Characteristics of the Creative Child
- Different measures of Creativity Test :Torrance, Baquer Mehdi, and Passi's test Factors fostering Creativity, classroom conditions for nurturing and stimulating Creativity
- Techniques for development of Creativity: Brain-Storming (Osborn), Synectics (Gorden), and Attribute listing (Allan)

- Unit- II Intelligence, Higher-level Thinking Skills and Knowledge Construction

 Nature of Intelligence academic intelligence, Emotional intelligence, Social Intelligence, Creative Intelligence, & Practical intelligence

 Theories of intelligence by Guilford J.P., Gardener, Sternberg, Goleman

 Measurement of Intelligence Verbal, Non-Verbal, Performance; Individual and Group

 Test of intelligence developed In India

 Higher-level Thinking Skills; Nature of Higher-level Thinking, Critical thinking (concept and types), Creative Thinking and problem solving:

 Considering Diversity in Higher Level Thinking Processes; Promoting Higher level thinking skills in the classroom

 Knowledge Construction Constructive process in Learning and Memory operations

 - Knowledge Construction Constructive process in Learning and Memory, organizing knowledge- concepts, schemas scripts, personal Theories; promoting effective knowledge construction; promoting Conceptual change

Unit-IIIConcept, Need and Importance of Value Education

- Concept, Nature and classification of values.
 Meaning and Nature of Value Education.
- Need and Importance of Value Education in the existing social scenario.

- Recommendations on Value Education from various Education Commissions: University Education Commission 1948, Secondary Education Commission 1952, Indian Education Commission 1964, NPE 1986 and 1992.

 Indian Culture and Human Values: Values in Ancient, Medieval and Emerging Modern Indian Society.

 Religion as Source of Human Values: Capacitaging and Society.
- Religion as Source of Human Values: Contribution of Hinduism, Christianity, Buddhism and Islam to the Education of Human Values.

 Values as enshrined in the Constitution of India.

- Unit-IVApproaches and Methodologies of Values Inculcation

 Approaches to Value Education

 Models of Value Education: Rationale Building Model, consideration Model, Value elarification Model, Value Analysis Model, Value Discussion Model, Social Action Plan Model, Cognitive Moral Development Model, Jurisprudential Inquiry Model, Role Playing Model etc.

 Methods and Strategies of Values Inculcation
 - Methods and Strategies of Values Inculcation.
 - Role of Educational Institutions, Teachers, Parents, Religious Heads, Administrators and Mass Media in the Inculcation of Values.
 - Value Orientation in Teacher education.
 - Role of Teacher Educators in Promoting Value Education in the Society.
 - Evaluation Strategies for the Assessment of Va ues Inculcation.

Unit-V Moral Education and Moral Development of the Child

- Moral Education vis-à-vis Religious Education: Moral Instructions, Moral Training and Moral Indoctrination, Characteristics of a mora ly educated person.

 Moral Education and the Curriculum: Implications of introducing Moral Education as a
- Subject of Curriculum.
- Concept of Development and Concept of Mora. Development.
- Theories of Moral Development: Psycho-analytic Approach, Learning Theory Approach, especially Social Learning Theory Approach. Cognitive Developmental Approach of Piaget and Kohlberg.
- Stages of Moral Development and their Charac eristic Features. Assessment of Moral Maturity via Moral Dilen ma Resolution

SUGGESTED READING

- Catmull, Ed (2014). Creativity, Inc.: Overcom ng Unseen Forces in Way of Inspiration. Random H.
- Hays J.R. (1978): Cognitive Psychology, Thinking and Creating, Homewood Illinois. The Dorsey press
 Jacob. W. And Philip W. (1962): Creativity and Intelligence, N.Y., John Wiley
 Lehrer, Jonah (2012). Imagine: How Creativity Works. Houghton Mifflin (Note: book withdrawn)
- Michalko, M. (2006). Tinkertoys: A handbook of creative-think tech (2nd ed). Ten Speed
- Rogers Carl R. (1959) "Toward a Theory of Creativity" in H.H. Anderson (ed) Creativity and its cultivation, N.Y.: Harper

- Sarah-Jayne Blackmore and UtaFrith (2005): The learning brain, Blackbell publishing Sarsani, M.R (2005) Creativity in Education, New Delhi: Sarup Publication Sarsani, M.R (2006) Creativity in Schools, New Delhi: APH Publication
 Torrance & Myers. (1970) Creative Learning and Teaching, New York, Dodd Mead
- Publications.

 11. Torrance, E. P. (1970) Guiding Creative Talent, New Delhi: Prentice Hall.

 12. Wagner, T. (2012). Creating Innovators: Making of Young People Who Change World. Scribner.

- Scribner.
 Gupta N.L. (1986). Value Education: Theory and Practice, Ajmer: Krishna Brothers.
 Jois, M. Rama (1998). Human Rights and India values. New Delhi: NCTE
 Kulkarni, R.A. (2000). Value Education, Kolhapur: PhadkePrakashan,
 Madhu, Kapani (2002): Education in Human Velues. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers
 Mani, Jacob (Ed.) (2002): Resource Book for Value Education. New Delhi: Institute of Value Education

- Value Education

 18. Mohanty, Jagannath (2005): Teaching of Moral Values Development. New Delhi:Deep & Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd.

 19. NCERT (1992): Education in Values: A Source Book. New Delhi: NCERT

 20. NCTE (1998): Policy Perspectives in Teacher Education, New Delhi: NCERT

 21. Rama Rao, K. (1986): Moral Education: A Practical Approach. Ramakrishna Instituteof Moral and Spiritual Education

 22. Reddy, D. D. &Rao, D. B. (Ed.) (2006) Value Oriented Education. New Delhi:Discovery Publishing House

 23. Ruhela, S.P. (1996): The Emerging Concept of Education in Human Values, NewDelhi: Regency Publications.

 24. Straughan, Roger & Wrigley, Jack. (Ed.) (1980): Values and Evaluation in Education. London: Harper & Row

 25. Subrahmanyam, K. (1990). Value Education (Secio-Spiritual). Madurai: Rama Pub.

 26. Venkataiah, N. (Ed.) (1998) Value Education, New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur

M.Ed. Semester - III

INTERNSHI?

Course No.: EPC 3 Course Credit: 4

Full Marks:50 Practicum:50 Marks

COURSES OBJECTIVES

Internship/ Field Attachment in the area of specialization aims at engaging the students with field based situation and work in an organization/institution engaged in the development of innovative curriculum and pedagogic practices or an international/national/state institution involved in curriculum design; text-book development; educational policy planning, formation and implementation; educational administration and management, and to provide an opportunity for reflection and writing on the same. This is also to facilitate a bridge between what students learn in classroom and observe in the field.

COURSE CONTENTS/ACTIVITY

Systematically planned Internship/Field Attachment in the specialized area chosen by the student systematically planned internship/ Field Attachment in the specialized area chosen by the student shall be organized during the programme for the durations of two to three weeks in those relevant kinds of institutions as mentioned in the objectives. Close mentorship of faculty or/and a member from the host association (field mentor) together guide groups of (3 to 5) students shall be provided for in the programme. The internship should be structured around some focussed tasks provided for in the programme. The internship should be structured around some focussed—tasks or projects which students may design (in consultation with faculty and field mentors) prior to going to the host organization. The student's participation in the tasks shall converge in an Internship/ Field Attachment report on the basis of which a part of assessment shall be done. A student's regularity, engagement in the field sites, and discussions with mentors (during preplanning and during and after the internship) shall also be included in the assessment. The components of Internship work evaluation shall be as under:

	continue of fine manip work evaluation and the na times.	
(a)	Involvement & performance in the field work	- 25 marks
(b)	Quality of Internship Report (Records of Activity)	- 20 marks
(c)	Regularity and Behaviour	-05 marks

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Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur

M.Ed. Semester - III

A. DISSERTATION (1/2) AND B. ENVIRONMENT & EDUCATION

Theory: 80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

Course No.: C.C. 12 Course Credit: 2+2=4 COURSES OBJECTIVES A. DISSERTATION(1/2)

After completing the course, students will be able to:

- Appreciate the ethical issues in data collection Process Quantitative as well as Qualitative data Display analyzed data effectively.

- Formulate of generalization & conclusion of research
 Write a Research Report considering the basic rules & parameters of report writing.
 B. ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION
 After completing the course, students will be able to:

- Explain the concept, nature, scope, objectives and limitations of Environmental Education
- explain the place & features of curriculum for environmental education at school level
- exhibit the relationship between man and environment.
 explain the impact of manmade and natural disasters on environment...

- explain the impact of manmade and natural disasters on environment..

 explain the role of educational institutions in disaster management.

 discuss the importance of sustainable development.

 Describe different Approaches and methods of teaching environmental education Explain the role of mass media, governmental and non-governmental agencies in imparting environmental education.

 Analyze the teacher education curriculum with respect to environmental education.
- Analyze the teacher education curriculum with respect to environmental education
- Explain various global environmental problems. describe the National and International Policies/ movements on Environment.
- Explain strategies for waste management.

COURSE CONTENT: A. DISSERTATION (1/2)

UNIT - ICollecting, Processing and Displaying Data

- Considering ethical issues in data collection; Issues concerning research participants, Issues relating to researcher, Issues concerning the sponsoring organization

- Data Processing in Quantitative research; Editing, Coding
 Data Processing in Qualitative research; Content Analysis in Qualitative research
- Displaying Data; Methods of communicating and displaying analyzed data; Text, tables,
- Formulation of generalization & conclusion; Types of generalizations, Characteristic features of generalization & conclusion, Precaution in formulation of generalization & conclusion

- UNIT -IIWriting a Research Report

 General format of the research report

 - How to develop an outline of research report How to write the introduction chapter of the research report or thesis
 - Writing about variables Style & format of writing

 - Referencing systems
 How to write a bibliography
 Typing of the research report; rules for typing different sections of the research report

30

· Proof reading of the final draft of the research report

COURSE CONTENT: B. ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION

UNIT - III Basic Concept & Issues of Environmental Education

- Concept of Environmental Education: Definition, nature, scope, objectives and limitations of Environmental Education
- Place of environmental studies/social sciences in elementary and secondary school
- Features of curriculum for environmental education at primary and secondary levels
- Need for developing environmental awareness or consciousness
- Relationship between man and environment; Ecological and Psychological Perspective. Effect of man-made and natural disaster on environment.

- Role of educational institutions in disaster management. Concept and importance of sustainable development

UNIT- IVStrategies and Approaches, Methods of Teaching Environmental Education • Teaching environment education as a separate subject/discipline

- Interdisciplinary and integration approaches for teaching environmental education.
- Principles and content of Environmental Education
- Methods of teaching environmental education, Discussion, seminar, workshop, dialogue, problem solving, field survey, projects, exhibition and experiential learning.

 Role of Mass Media- Newspaper, Radio, Electronic media and others in imparting
- environmental education.

- environmental education.

 Role of governmental and non-governmental agencies

 Evaluation of student's learning in EVS programme

 Teacher's training for Environmental Education; Present status, agencies, curriculum of Teacher's training., Problems and remedies of Teacher's training curriculum

UNIT-V Global environmental problems

- Environmental pollution; physical, air, water, noise, chemical. Extinction of flora and fauna, deforestation, soil erosion.
- Need and efforts for conservation, preservation and protection of rich environmental
- Global warming, ozone depletion, Resource degeneration, and population explosion and its Waste Management: e-waste, medical waste, nuclear waste, solid and liquid waste.
 National and International Policy/ resolution on Environment.

- New Social movements for Environmental Awareness- National & International.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

A. DISSERTATION (1/2)

Arthur, James; Waring, Michael et al.(2012): Research Methods and Methodologies in Education, New Delhi: Sage India

110

- Atkins, Liz & Wallace, Sue (2012): Qualitative Research in Education, New Delhi: Sage Best, J.W. and Kahn, J. V., (1995): Research in Education 7th Edn., New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
 Boudah, Daniel (2012): Conducting Educational Research, New Delhi: Sage India Check, Joseph & Schutt, Russel K. (2012): Research Methods in Education, New Delhi:

- Cohen, L. &Manion L. (1980): Research Methods in Education, London: Groom Helm 6. Ltd

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 Corey, S.M. &Shukla J.K., (1962) Practical Classroom Research by Teachers, New Delhi: National Institute of Basic Education.
 Edwards, A. L., (1960): Experimental Designs in Psychological Research, New York: Holt, Rinehart & Winston Inc.
 Festinger, U. and Katz, D. (Eds.) (1970): Research Methods in Behavioural Sciences, NewYork: Holt, Rinehart & Winston
 Gage, N.L. (Ed.), (1963) Handbook of Research in Teaching, Chicago: Rand McNally
 Goode, W. J. and Hill, (1952) Method of Social Research in Teaching, McGraw Hill
 Johnson, Bruke& Christensen, Lary (2012): Educational Research: Quantitative, Qualitativeand Mixed Approach, New Delhi: Sage India
 Kaul, Lokesh (1994): Methodology of Educational Research, New Delhi: Vikas Pub. House Kerlinger, F.N. (1973) Foundations of Behavioural Research New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston Inc.
 Punch, Keith F.(2009): Introduction to Research Methods in Education, New Delhi: Sage
- Punch, Keith F.(2009): Introduction to Research Methods in Education, New Delhi: Sage
 Singh A.K. (2002) Test measurement and Research methods in Behvioural sciences,
 Patna: BharatiBhawan Publishers & Distributors

B. ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION

- 1. Agarwal S.K. (1997) "Environmental issues and themes", APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi
- Bhall, S.C. and Khanna, H.(2007), Environmental Education, New Delhi: Regal
- Publication. Dani, H.M.(1986): Environmental Education, Chandigarh. Publication Bureau,
- PanjabUniversity,
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 Dahiwal G.S., Sangha G.S., Ralhan P.K. (1996): "Fundamentals of Environmental
- Science", Kalyani Publishers.

 Dash, M.C., (2006) Fundamentals of Ecology, New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hills

 Joseph, Benny, (2006) Environmental Studies, New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hills

 Joseph, Kurian&Nagendran R, (2004): Essentials of Environmental Studies, Pearson

- Joseph, Kurianæ Nagendran K. (2004): Essentials of Environmental Studies, Fearson Education
 Nagra, V. (2006), Environmental Education, Jalundhar: Sharma Publications.
 Nanda, K.V. (1997), Environmental Education, New Delhi,: APH Publishing Corpn.
 Nasrin (2007), Education, Environment and Society, New Delhi: APH Publishing Corpn.
 S.K. Kochhar (1981) "Methods and Techniques of Teaching", Sterling Publishers Private
- S.K. Koennar (1981) Methods and Techniques of Federal Science (1981) Methods and Techniques of Federal Science (1981) Ltd. New Delhi.
 Saxena, A.B. (1986), Environmental Education, Agra: National Psychological Corpn.
 Sharma, R.C. (1981), Environmental Education, New Delhi: Metropolitan Book Co.,
 Shrivastava, K.A. (2007), Global Warning, New Delhi: APH Publishing Corpn.

- Shukla, K.S. and Srivastava, R.P. (1992), Emerging Pattern of Environmental Structure, New Delhi: Commonwealth Publishers.
 Singh, K.Y.(2005), Teaching of Environment Science, New Delhi: Chaman Enterprises
 Sudhir, A.M. and Masillamani, M.(2003), Environmental Issues, New Delhi; Reliance Publishing House.
 Vijandra Kumar, "Modern Methods of Teaching Environmental Education", Sanap& Sons, New Delhi, 2000

M.Ed.

SEMESTER-IV

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - IV POLICY, ECONOMICS & PLANNING-ELEMENTARY

Course No.: S.C. 3 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

Theory: 80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

On completion of the course, the student teacher will be able to:

- understand the theoretical aspect of educational policy and planning like meaning, needs, goals and factors.
- comprehend the process of policy making and its implementation appreciate the role of national level of agencies of educational policy and their collaboration with the state
- develop an overview of educational planning, relationship in policy making andproblems in educational planning
- understand the different approaches and concepts of educational planning apply knowledge and skills in making effective planning with special reference to early childhood care
- know the history of educational planning for elementary education
- understand the meaning nature and scope of economics of education and finance develop an idea about costs and benefits of education, human capital and various aspects of educational finance
- recognize the sources of educational funding, its changing trends and the process of grant in aid system

COURSE CONTENTS

- Unit I-Theoretical Bases of Educational Policy

 Concept, features, need & importance, and goal sof educational policy

 Education Policy at different levels national, state level, institutional, short-term, longterm

 - Factors of Educational Policy
 State Level Agencies of Educational Policy & their Role and functions: State Institutes of Education, DIET, SCERT, State Board of Teacher Education and Training, and State State Level Agencies of Educational Policy & their Role and functions: State Institutes of Education, DIET, SCERT, State Board of Teacher Education and Training, and State Planning Board
 National Level Agencies of Educational Policy: NCERT, NCTE, ICSSR, CASE, UGC, NDC (National Development Council)
 Policies, Acts and Provisions related to elementary education and early childhood care in

 - Indian constitution

- Unit II- Introduction of Educational Planning

 Concept, scope, and nature of educational planning

 Significance and principles of educational planning

 Perspective Planning and Institutional Planning, micro and macro planning

 - Relationship between educational policy and planning
 Approaches to Educational Planning-Social denand approach, Man-power approach,
 Rate of Return approach
 Individualized educational planning and early childhood care

 - Decentralized planning- Process, advantages and disadvantages Coordination of national planning with global planning agencies like UNESCO and UNICEF

Unit III -Educational Planning In the Context of Elementary Education

- Educational Planning in Pre Independence Era Macaulay Minutes, Hunter commission, Wood Dispatch, Lord Curzon educational polic / and Basic Education Of Mahatma Gandhi
- Educational Planning In Post-Independence Era- Compulsory Education Act ,Kothari Commission, National Policy Of Education And Plan Of Action
- Main features of five year plans with special reference to elementary education Educational planning for special education Educational planning for inclusive education

- Role of elementary level education in the professional development of human resources

Unit IV - Economics of Education and Educational Finance

- Concept, Scope and importance of economics of education Nature of Micro and Macro Economics Earnings and education
- Education in Human Resource Development
- Concept and criteria of Educational Finance Demand and supply factors of finance in educat on
- Educational Financing in India: Historical Perspective with special reference to Elementary education

- Unit V- Concepts and Types of Economic Cost of Education

 Investment choices and financing in human capital and human resource development

 Taxonomy of Cost of Education-Social and individual cost, opportunity cost, recurring & non-recurring costs, divisible & non-divisible costs, unit & capital costs, institutional
 - Unit cost analysis of educational projects
 - Determinants of Educational Costs
 - Cost-Benefit Analysis in education

 - Financing of education by central government, state government and local bodies Grant-in-aid System: Grant-in-aid policy in India and state, Critical review of present grant-in-aid policy of the state government with special reference to elementary education.

SUGGESTED READING

- Adams, Don (1964): Educational Planning, New York, Syracuse University Press Agarwal, J.C. (2007): Development of Educational system in India, (Revised Edition) Shipra publications 115-A, Vikasmarg, Shakarpur, Jelhi Azad, JagdishlalFlnancial of Higher Education in India, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers, 1975. 3.

- Blaug Mark (1970): Economics of Education, Penguin London.
 Cohn E (1972): Economics of Education, Lexingto 1 Mass- D.C. Health Company.
 Deshpande, M. R. Dasgupta, R.V. Baru and A. Mohanty, (2008). The Case for Cooked Meals: Concerned Regarding Proposed Policy Shifts in the Mid-day Meal and ICDS Programs in Indian Paediatrics, 445-449
 Fletcher, B. A. 'Planning of Education', Leeds, Institute of Education, 1963
 Govt. of India, MHRD (1982) NPE and its POA (1986/1992)

- Laxmi Devi (1998): Educational Planning, (Encyclopedia of Educational Development and Planning Services), Institute for sustainable development, Lucknow and Anmol Publications private Limited, New Delhi
 Martin Carnoy International Encyclopedia of Economics of Education- 2nd Edition, 1995. Panchamukhi,
 Naik, J.P. (1965): Educational Planning in India. New Delhi: Allied
 Research in Economics of Education, Fifth Survey of Educational Research Reports Vol 1, New Delhi, NCERT,
 Saffer, H. Investment in Human Capital, New York: MacGraw Hill, 1961
 Schultz, T. W. Education and Economic Growth, University of Chicago, 1960
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Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - IV

11

POLICY, ECONOMICS & PLANNING-SECONDARY

Course No.: S.C. 3 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

Theory:80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

- On completion of the course, the student teacher will be able to:

 understand the theoretical aspect of educational policy and planning like meaning, needs, goals and factors.
 - comprehend the process of policy making and its implementation
 - appreciate the role of national level of agencies of educational policy and their collaboration with the state
 - develop an overview of educational planning, relationship in policy making andproblems in educational planning
 - understand the different approaches and concepts of educational planning
 - knowledge and skills in making effective planning with special reference to apply knowledge ar secondary education
 - know the history of educational planning for secondary education

 - understand the meaning nature and scope of economics of education and finance develop an idea about costs and benefits of education, human capital and various aspects of educational finance
 - recognize the sources of educational funding, its changing trends and the process of grant in aid system

COURSE CONTENTS

- Unit I-Theoretical Bases of Educational Policy
 Concept, features, need & importance, and goalsof educational policy
 - Types of Education Policy national, state level, institutional, short-term, long-term Determinants of Educational Policy

 - Process of Policy Formulation Preparation of discussion document, state-level and national consultations, consultations with all stakeholders, constitutions of steering committee and task forces, presentation of draft document in CABE and parliament
 - State Level Agencies of Educational Policy & their Role and functions: State Institutes of Education, DIET, SCERT, State Board of Teacher Education and Training, and State

 - Planning Board
 National Level Agencies of Educational Policy: NCERT, NCTE, ICSSR, CASE, UGC, NDC (National Development Council)
 Policies, Acts and Provisions related to Secondary education in Indian constitution
 Policy Implementation: Centre-state partnership, Public private partnership, Role of civil society and NGOs.

- Unit II- Introduction of Educational Planning

 Meaning, nature and significance of educational planning
 Guiding principles of educational planning
 Types of educational planning--Perspective Planning and Institutional Planning, micro

 - Types of educational planning—Perspective Planning and institutional Planning, micro and macro planning
 Relationship between educational policy and planning
 Approaches to Educational Planning-Social demand approach, Man-power approach,
 Rate of Return approach
 Decentralized planning- Process, advantages and disadvantages

Coordination of national planning with global planning agencies like UNESCO and UNICEF

- Unit III -Educational Planning In the Context of Secondary Education
 Educational Planning in Pre Independence Era Macaulay Minutes, Hunter commission, Wood Dispatch, Lord Curzon educational policy and Basic Education Of Mahatma
 - Educational Planning in Post-Independence Era- Secondary Education Commission, Kothari Commission and National Policy of Educationand Plan Of Action.

 Main features of five year plans with special reference to Secondary education Educational planning for special education

 Educational planning for inclusive education

 - Effect of policy of Liberalization, globalization and privatization on education Planning

Unit IV - Economics of Education and Educational Finance

- Concept, Scope and importance of Economics Of Education
- Relationship between Economics and Education
- Nature of Micro and Macro Economics- Earnings and education
 Role of Secondary level education in the professional development of human resources
 Concept, significance and criteria of Educational Finance

- Demand and supply factors of finance in education Educational Financing in India: Historical Perspective with special reference to Secondary education

Unit V- Concepts and Types of Economic Cost of Education

- Investment choices and financing in human capital and human resource development Plan and non-plan expenditure on education
- Determinants of Educational Costs
- Taxonomy of Cost of Education-Social and individual cost, opportunity cost, recurring &non -recurring costs, divisible & non divisible costs, unit & capital costs
- Financing education for Equality of education social justice, Efficiency cost banalysis and quality improvement, Productivity create qualified and productive manpower.

- manpower.

 Unit cost analysis of educational projects; Rising Unit costs and resources constraints
 Financing of education by central government, state government and local bodies
 Grant-in-aid System: Grant-in-aid policy in India and state, Critical review of present
 grant-in-aid policy of the state government with special reference to secondary education.

SUGGESTED READING

- Adams, Don (1964): Educational Planning, New York, Syracuse University Press Agarwal, J.C. (2007): Development of Educational system in India, (Revised Edition) Shipra publications 115-A, Vikasmarg, Shakarpur, Delhi AmrishAhuja Kumar (2007): Economics of Education, Authors Press, New Delhi. Azad, JagdishlalFinancial of Higher Education in India, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers, 1975.

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 Central Advisory Board of Education (CABE), (2005), Financing Higher and Technical Education, National Institute of Educational Planning and Administration, New Delhi.
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 Deshpande, M. R. Dasgupta, R.V. Baru and A. Mohanty, (2008). The Case for Cooked Meals: Concerned Regarding Proposed Policy Shifts in the Mid-day Meal and ICDS Programs in Indian Paediatrics, 445-449
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 Gill, S.S., Sukhwinder Singh and J.S. Brar (2005). Financing of Secondary Education: Grants-in-Aid Policies and Practices in Punjab, A Report Submitted to National Institute of Educational Planning and Administration
 Govt. of India, MHRD (1982) NPE and its POA (1986/1992)
 Laxmi Devi (1998): Educational Planning, (Encyclopedia of Educational Development and Planning Services), Institute for sustainable development, Lucknow and Anmol Publications private Limited, New Delhi
 Martin Carnoy International Encyclopedia of Economics of Education- 2nd Edition, 1995. Panchamukhi,

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 MHRD (2002), Budgetary Resources for Education, Ministry for Human Resources
 Development (MHRD), Annual Publication, New Delhi.
 Mukerji ,S.N. (1963) Administration of Educational ,Planning And Finance: Broada:
 Acharya Book Depot
 Naik, J.P. (1965): Educational Planning in India. New Delhi: Allied
 NIEPA, New Delhi. Laxmi Devi (1998): Educational Planning, (Encyclopedia of
 Educational Development and Planning Services), Institute for sustainable development,
 Lucknow and Anmol Publications private Limited, New Delhi.
 Research in Economics of Education, Fifth Survey of Educational Research
 Trend Reports Vol 1, New Delhi, NCERT,
 O. Saffer, H. Investment in Human Capital, New York: MacGraw Hill, 1961
 Schultz, T. W. Education and Economic Growth, University of Chicago, 1960
 Saxena, S.(1979) Educational Planning In India, Delhi: Sterling Publication

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur

M.Ed. Semester - IV

EDUCATIONAL MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION-ELEMENTARY

Course No.: S.C. 4 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

Theory: 80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

- On completion of the course, the student teacher will be able to:

 understand the concept, need, scope and importance of educational management and administration
 - comprehend the goals, objectives, basic elements, dimensions & principles of educational management.
 - develop effective skill for decision making & effective communication in educational administration
 - Appreciate role of central and state government, educational boards & local bodies in Administration & Management of Elementary Education understand the meaning, process, and trends of School Inspections and Supervision Manage Curricular, Co-Curricular Activities and Time

 - manage various resources (human resources, physical and financial) of the organization from both the administrative and managerial dimensions for its development
 - examine critically the core and contemporary leadership theories relevant to educational practice and settings
 - focus on the continuous improvement of the effectiveness of organizations and their members.
 - comprehend the concept and process of appraisal of educational institutes and to prepare appraisal report

COURSE CONTENTS

- Unit I-Educational Administration and Management: Concept and Scope

 Concept, scope and need of Management of Education

 Goals and objectives of educational management: The ideal nature of educational goals, Translation into specific objectives
 - Basic elements of management process: decision-making, problem solving, human relations, and communication, Issues of decision making and communication in management process, Role of school Principal in decision making, human relations and communication

 - communication
 Dimensions of Management Process: Planning, Staffing, Organizing, Budgeting, Directing, Motivating, Coordinating, Directing, Monitoring, Evaluating, Reporting. Meaning, Objectives & Scope of School Management
 Principles & Factors Influencing School Management
 Educational Manager: Functions, Mintzberg's Managerial Roles, Competencies and Skills, Managerial Creativity, Managerial Ethics
 Factors influencing Organizational Culture in elementary schools, Role of school Principal in creating school culture.
 - Role of educational legislation in the Educational Management: central legislation related to elementary schools education and child welfare, State Education Acts.

Administration& Management of Elementary Education: Unit II

- Principles of personal administration.
 - Agencies involved in the administration of elementary education.
 - Role of Government of India in the administration of elementary education. Role of CBSC, ICSC, and SSC in Elementary Schools

- State government administration of elementary education.
- Role of local bodies in the administration of elementary education.

- Role of local bodies in the administration of elementary education.

 Recent schemes and activities of the central Government Advisory bodies.

 Some administrative problems of elementary education.

 (1) Universalization (2) Lack of physical facilities (3) Mid-day meal School Inspections and Supervision: Meaning, Need, Nature & Types of Educational Inspections and Supervision, Dimensions of Evaluation of Institutional Performance, Appraisal of Teachers and their Performance, Process of making Report of appraisal, Evaluation of Supervisory Effectiveness.

Unit III-Management of Curriculum, Co-Curricular Activities and Time

- Administrative dimensions of Curriculum Management: Organization of basic curricular inputs i.e. textbooks, library, laboratory, instructional materials etc.

 Managerial dimensions of Curriculum Management: Visualization of integrated curricular inputs, The integrative, innovative and socially productive aspects

- Issues of diversity and equity in curriculum management Curriculum Organization: Curriculum Mapping & Alignment and Curriculum Implementation & Evaluation
- Co-Curricular Activities:Concept, Importance & Types of Co-Curricular Activities, Managing Co-Curricular Activities in elementary schools Managing guidance and counseling services

- Yearly calendar of events, Daily Time Table (for teachers and schools) time saving devices, forward planning

Human Resource Management

- Human Resource Management: Concept, Need, Principles, Job analysis.
 The concept of human-oriented Management & leadership
 Characteristics of an Effective and Successful Leader and Manager for managing Human and Material Resources
- Models of Human Resources Management: Democratic & Autocratic
- Approaches to Leadership: Trait, Transformational, Transactional, Value-Based, Cultural, Psychodynamic, Charismatic, Community based, Social
- Office management: overview of office functions, record management and material management, work simplification.
- Management of Conflicts and Stress Grievance Management: Causes, Steps And Types of Grievances, Mechanisms of Handling Grievances
- Management of School Discipline

Unit V - Management of Physical&Financial Resources

Physical Resources: Meaning & principles of Managing Physical Resources, Physical Resources & Health of Students, Maintenance of Records and Register of Physical Resources, General principles & Scientific Planning of School Building.

- Nature and Scope of Educational Finance, Sources, Procurement, Budgeting and Allocation of Funds
- Mobilization of local resources: Contribution of Local Authorities, NGOs and Parents' Organizations
- Financial accounting: scope and importance, accounting, concept and conventions, balance sheet and related concepts (related to educational system), Sharing and Distribution of Financial Responsibilities
- Theories of Financial Management
- Fund flow analysis: analysis of statement of long term sources and uses of funds, working capital based fund flow statements, cash flow statements Cost management: Private, Self Financing and Public Educational institution.

- SUGGESTED READING
 Ananda W. P. Gurung (1984). General Principles of Management for Educational Planners and Administrators. Paris, UNESCO
 Bush, Tony (1986). Theories of Educational Management, London: Harper & Row.
 Bush, Tony & Les, Bell (2002). The Principles and Practice of Educational Management. London: Paul Chapman Publishing
 Chandrasekaran, Premila: Educational Planning and Management, sterling Publication Part Ltd.
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 - Everand, K.B. & Morris, Geoffrey: Effective School Management, Harpen Education 6.

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 NIEPA (1971). Modern Management Techniques in Educational Administration, New Delhi, Asian Institute of Educational Planning and Administration.
 NIEPA (1986). Educational Management in India, New Delhi, NIEPA
 Pandya, S.R: Administration and management of Education, Himalaya Publishing House
 Shekhran, P. Chandra (1994). Educational Planning and Management. New Delhi; Sterling Publisher
 Tanner, D. & Lawrel, T. (1987). Supervision in Education: Problems and Practices. New

 - Tanner, D. &Lawrel, T. (1987). Supervision in Education: Problems and Practices, New York, McMillan Publishing Co.
 UNDP (2002): Handbook on Monitoring and Evaluation of Results, UNDP

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur

M.Ed. Semester - IV EDUCATIONAL MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION-SECONDARY

Course No.: S.C. 4 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES Theory: 80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

On completion of the course, the student teacher will be able to:

- understand the concept, need, scope and importance of educational management and
- comprehend the goals, objectives, basic elemen's, dimensions & principles of educational management.
- develop effective skill for decision making & effective communication in educational administration
- administration

 Appreciate role of central and state government, educational boards & local bodies in Administration & Management of Secondary Education
 understand the meaning, process, and trends of School Inspections and Supervision
 Manage Curricular, Co-Curricular Activities and Time
 manage various resources (human resources, physical and financial) of the organization
 from both the administrative and managerial dimensions for its development
 examine critically the core and contemporary leadership theories relevant to educational

- examine critically the core and contemporary leadership theories relevant to educational practice and settings.
- focus on the continuous improvement of the effectiveness of organizations and their members.
- comprehend the concept and process of appraisal of educational institutes and to prepare appraisal report

COURSE CONTENTS

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- Concept, scope and need of Management of Education

 Goals and objectives of educational managemen: The ideal nature of educational goals. Translation into specific objectives
- Basic elements of management process: decisior-making, problem solving, human relations, and communication, Issues of decision making and communication in management process, Role of school Principal in decision making, human relations and
- Dimensions of Management Process: Planning, Staffing, Organizing, Budp Directing, Motivating, Coordinating, Directing, Monitoring, Evaluating, Reporting, Meaning, Objectives & Scope of School Management

- Principles & Factors Influencing School Management
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 Educational Manager: Functions, Mintzberg's Managerial Roles, Competencies and
 Skills, Managerial Creativity, Managerial Ethics
 Factors influencing Organizational Culture in secondaryschools, Role of school Principal in creating school culture.
- Role of educational legislation in the Educational Management: central legislation related to secondaryeducation and child welfare, State E-lucation Acts.

Unit II Administration & Management of Secondary Education:

- Principles of personal administration.
- Agencies involved in the administration of secondary education.

 Role of Government of India in the administration of secondary education.

- Role of CBSC, ICSC, SSC and Advisory Board on Secondary Education in secondary schools administration
- State government administration of secondary education.
 Role of local bodies in the administration of secondary education.

- Role of local bodies in the administration of secondary education.

 Recent schemes and activities of the central Government Advisory bodies.

 Administrative provisions in secondary education. Act. 1972.

 Some administrative problems of secondary education. Including the pattern:

 (a) Recruitment (b) Vocationalization (c) Nationalist vs. private enterprise

 School Inspections and Supervision: Meaning, Need, Nature & Types of Educational
 Inspections and Supervision, Dimensions of Evaluation of Institutional Performance,
 Appraisal of Teachers and their Performance, Process of making Report of appraisal,
 Evaluation of Supervisory Effectiveness.

Management of Curriculum, Co-Curricular Activities and Time Unit III-

- Administrative dimensions of Curriculum Management: Organization of basic curricular
- inputs i.e. textbooks, library, laboratory, instructional materials etc.

 Managerial dimensions of Curriculum Management: Visualization of integrated curricular inputs, The integrative, innovative and socially productive aspects

 Issues of diversity and equity in curriculum maragement
- Curriculum Organization: Curriculum Mapping & Alignment and Curriculum Implementation & Evaluation
- Co-Curricular Activities:Concept, Importance & Types of Co-Curricular Activities, Managing Co-Curricular Activities in secondary schools Managing guidance and counseling services

- Yearly calendar of events, Daily Time Table (for teachers and schools) time saving devices, forward planning

- Human Resource Management Unit IN

- Human Resource Management: Concept, Need, Principles, Job analysis. The concept of human-oriented Management & leadership
- Characteristics of an Effective and Successful Leader and Manager for managing Human and Material Resources

- And Material Resources Management: Democratic & Autocratic Models of Human Resources Management: Democratic & Autocratic Approaches to Leadership: Trait, Transformational, Transactional, Value-Based, Cultural, Psychodynamic, Charismatic, Community based, Social Office management: overview of office functions, record management and material management, work simplification.
- Management of Conflicts and Stress
 Grievance Management: Causes, Steps And Types of Grievances, Mechanisms of Grievance Management: Causes, Handling Grievances Management of School Discipline

Unit V - Management of Physical & Financial Resources

- Physical Resources: Meaning & principles of Managing Physical Resources, Physical Resources & Health of Students, Maintenance of Records and Register of Physical Resources, General principles & Scientific Planning of School Building.

 Nature and Scope of Educational Finance, Sources, Procurement, Budgeting and
- Allocation of Funds
- Mobilization of local resources: Contribution of Local Authorities, NGOs and Parents' Organizations
- Financial accounting: scope and importance, accounting, concept and conventions, balance sheet and related concepts (related to educational system), Sharing and Distribution of Financial Responsibilities
- Theories of Financial Management
- Fund flow analysis: analysis of statement of long term sources and uses of funds, working capital based fund flow statements, cash flow statements

 Cost management: Private, Self Financing and Public Educational institution.

- SUGGESTED READING
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Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - IV

EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY & ICT

Course No.: S.C. 5 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES Theory:80 Marks Practicum: 20 Marks

- Going through this course, students will be able to:

 Understand the meaning, definitions, scope & significance of Educational Technology.

 - Understand the meaning, definitions, scope & significance of Educational Technology. Understand the components& types of Educational Technology. Comprehend the concept, principles, phases, levels & models of Teaching. Appreciate the modification of teaching behavior through different techniques. Understand the concept, process, component, types, &theoriesof communication process. Appreciate the multimedia approach in educational Technology. Realize the applications of modern technologies in Education like; Computer assisted instruction, Programmed Instruction, System approach in education Understand the education applications of networking and internet tools like Search Engines, Blogs, & Social Networks.

 Appreciatethe Concept of e-learning, its trends, attributes and opportunities Understand the ethical issues in education technology.

COURSE CONTENTS

- UNIT-I Concept of Educational Technology
 Meaning, Definitions & Scope of Educational Technology.

 - Significance of Educational Technology.
 Technology of Education and Technology in Education

 - Historical development of Educational Technology.

 Components of Educational Technology& their significance; Hardware, Software, & Systems Analysis
 - Types of Educational Technology; Instructional Technology, Teaching Technology, Behaviour Technology, Instructional Design

- UNIT-II Technology of Teaching
 Concept & Principles of Teaching
 Phases of Teaching: Pre-active, Interactive, Post active Phases of Teaching.
 Levels of Teaching: Memory Level, Understanding Level, & Reflective Level.
 Models of Teaching: Concept and definition of Models of Teaching, Types of Teaching Models; Information Processing Models, Behavioural Models, Social Models, Personal Models, & Bloom's mastery learning.
 Modification of Teaching Behaviour, Micro Teaching, Flander's interaction Analysis.
 - Modification of Teaching Behaviour: Micro Teaching, Flander's interaction Analysis, Simulation

- UNIT-III Concept of Communication process
 Meaning, nature and process of communication process.
 Component of Communication process.

 - Types of classroom Communication.
 - Theories of classroom Communication. Barriers of classroom Communication.
 - Multimedia: Concept & Principles of using multimedia in classroom teaching

Multimedia approach to teaching learning process.

- UNIT-IVModern Technologies in Education
 Computer: Basic concept & types of computer; Components of computer, Operating System, Application of Computer in the field of Education& Evaluation.
 Computer assisted instruction.

 - Programmed Instruction; Basic concept, origin and types of programming; Linear programming & Branching programming, Development of the programmed instruction material.
 - Concept and uses of M.S. word, M.S. excel and Power point.
 - System approach in education.

 - Some other trends in Educational Technology: Video Tape, Radio Vision, Tele-Conferencing, ETV, CCTV, INSAT, EDUSAT, etc.
 Resource centres for Educational Technology: CIET, UGC, IGNOU, NOS, State ET Cells, etc.

UNIT-V Internet &E-Learning

- Concept and types of network. Internet and internet tools.
- Introduction to Search Engines (Google, Yahoo, Bing, etc.) and Email.
- Introduction to Search Engines (Google, Yahoo, Bing, etc.) and Email.

 Bloggingand its use in teaching.

 Social Networks (Facebook, Whatsapp, Twitter, Skype, etc.) and their Educational Uses.

 Mobile learning (BYOD: Bring your own device).

 Concept of e-learning, its trends, attributes and opportunities.

 Management and implementation of e-learning.

- E-Book and E-Magazine, Electronic Journals and E-Readers, E-Coaching, E-Tutorial and The E-Journals inthe field of Educational Technology
- Ethical Issues in Educational Technology

SUGGESTED READING

- Aggarwal, J.C. (2008). Elementary Educational Technology. Delhi: Shipra Publication.
 Allison Little John (2003): Refusing Online Resources. A Sustainable Approach to E-Learning,
 Kogan Page Limited
 Bhatia, K.K.(2001). Foundation of Teaching Learning Process. Ludhiyana: Tandon Publishers
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 Jangira, N.K. & Singh, Ajit (1983): Core Teaching Skills; The Microteaching Approach, NCERT, New Delhi
 Joyce, Bruce (2009). Models of Teaching. New Delhi: Phi Learning
 Kumar, K.L. (1996) "Educational Technology", New Delhi: New Age International Publisher
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 Mangal, S.K. (2002). Essentials of Teaching Learning and Information Technology. Ludhiyana: Tandon Publishers.

- Mangal, S.K. &Mangal, U. (2009): Essentials of Educational Technology, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
 Mehra, V.(2010): A Text Book of Educational Technology, New Delhi: Sanjay Prakashan.
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 Picciano, Anthony G. (2010). Educational Leadership and Planning for Technology. Prentice Hall: Boston
 Saxena, N. R. Swaroop, Oberoi, S.C. (2004). Essentials of Educational Technology and Management. Meerut R.Lall Book Depot.
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 Sharma, A.R. (2001). Educational Technology. Agra: Vinod
 Singh, C.P.(2011). Advanced educational technology. Lotus Press: New Delhi
 Verma, M. (2006). Online Teaching—Tools and Methods. New Delhi; MurariLal& Sons.
 Verma, M. (2006). Teaching in Digital Education. New Delhi: MurariLal& Sons.
 Vadav, D. S. and Shastri, K.N.(2009). Educational Technology: Delhi

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- Websites:
 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Educational_technology
 http://edutechwiki.unige.ch/en/Educational_technology
 http://edutechwiki.unige.ch/en/Educational_technology
 http://edechnology.co.uk/
 https://www.facebook.com/Educational-Technology-202077286473233/
 http://tech.ed.gov/
- https://www.cmu.edu/teaching/technology/

- https://www.cmu.edu/teaching/technology/
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 http://scholar.lib.vt.edu/ejournals/JOTS/v32/v32n2/okojie.html
 http://net.educause.edu/ir/library/pdf/ERM0450.PDF
 http://www.educatorstechnology.com/2012/06/ultimate-guide-to-use-of-blogs-in.html

- http://www.educatorstechnology.com/2012/06/ultimate-guide-to-use-of-blogs-in.html
 http://edublogs.org/
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 http://www.lsa.umich.edu/UMICH/sweetland/Home/Instructors/Teaching%20Resources/Usi
 ngBlogsintheClassroom.pdf
 http://www.ncert.nic.in/new_ncert/ncert/rightside/links/pdf/focus_group/educational_technol
 ogy.pdf

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur M.Ed. Semester - IV

Course No.: C.C. 13 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

Full Marks: 100 Practicum: 100Marks

The Research/dissertation isvisualized as a curricular space where students (with close mentorship/guidance of a faculty member) learn to plan and conduct a research, and write a thesis.It is also a space where students come to see and draw linkagesbetween education theory (transacted through taught courses) and research.As a specialized professional experience, dissertation provides an M.Ed. student with an opportunity to investigate and understand the operational dynamics of a selected educational phenomenon. Various skills that are expected to be developed through this component include: articulating and formulating a research problem and research questions, designing a plan to study it, executing the plan (which includes engaging with the relevant body of literature and theory/theories), analyzing and writing the findings in an academic fashion, and presenting the work. [However, this should not be seen as implying that the dissertation must be field-based. It may be a long essay/treatise.]

COURSE CONTENTS/ACTIVITY

COURSE CONTENTS/ACTIVITY

The students shall have to conduct a research during the M.Ed. programme under the guidance of a faculty teacher/Research scholar/ Research officer leading to Research Project Report / Dissertation. The topic/problem of the Dissertation/ Project shall be selected in consultation with the concerned supervisor(s). The topic/problem of dissertation should preferably be in the area of specialization that a student opts or in the areas introduced in the perspective courses. The students shall submit a research report based on primary field data or secondary data or a treatise comprising of a long reflective and critical essay on an approved topic in three typed copies, within the time specified by the Department, which shall in no case be later than the first date announced for start of the Fourth Semester Examination, along with a certificate duly signed by the supervisor that the work has been carried out under his/ her personal supervision and that it is not a copy of an earlier work on the same subject. The dissertation should be typed in Times New Roman/Walkman Chanakkya font with letter size 12 and line spacing 1.5. The word limit for the dissertation shall ideally be between 20,000 to 25,000 words.

- As prescribed in the relevant core courses i.e. C.C.4 Fundamentals of Educational Research and C.C. 10Advance Research Methodology.
 - 2. Relevant Primary and Secondary sources.

Department of Education, B.R.A.B.U., Muzaffarpur

M.Ed. Semester - IV

SEMINAR/GROUP ACTIVITIES, LABORATORY WORK, FIELD WORK/WORKSHOP

Course No.: EPC 4 Course Credit: 4 COURSES OBJECTIVES

Full Marks: 100 racticum: 100Marks

Through this paper student teachers shall be able to;

- get updated information on key issues concerning education especially teacher educationby recognized experts who are up to date with the latest developments in the field and practical experiences.
- exchangetheir own knowledge, expertise, experiences, and ideas on educational & social problems among themselves as well as with the recognized experts and thus to get their perspectives broadened.
- perspectives broadened.
 identifyspecific educational problems and reach an agreement with best possible solutions applying brainstormingtechniques, discussions on the problems, raising questions, sharing ideasand getting immediate feedback.

 Receive new information or the same information theymay already have from a different angle from a different speaker so that they have an even better understanding of the topic. Learn new skills and procedures during field work, seminars & workshops. apply the skills and knowledge they have learned to solve the their current educational problems as well as problems related to their future jobs.

 Expand their social networking with like-minded people for engaging conversation and meeting new friends who understand their lingo

 Get presentation materials to take home with them for later study

 Evaluate how different kinds of events like Seminar/Group Activities, Laboratory Work, Field Work/Workshopareorganized and managed.

COURSES CONTENT/ACTIVITY

The department shall organize Seminars, Workshops, Group Activities, Field Work; Educational Surveys, Educational Tours etc. time to time and students shall be evaluated on the basis of their participation, involvement, presentations and work records (if required).